The Columbian.

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TOWNSEND

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of Pleated Shirts, Blue and Tan

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A NEW LINE OF

FOUR-IN-HAND TIES

50 CENTS.

TOWNSEND'S CORNER.

MAIN STREET CROSSING.

Solicitor Harman Says Town Cannot Compel B. & S. to Put up Gates.

At the meeting of Council on Monday night Solicitor John G. Harman, Esq., gave an opinion on the subject of erecting gates at the crossing of the Bloomsburg & Sullivan tracks at Main street, in which he holds that the town has no power to compel the railroad company to put up gates.

He quotes the decision of the Supreme Court in the case of Penn'a. R. R. Co. vs. Borough of Braddock, 213 Pa. 377, in which the same question that is raised in the present case was before the Supreme Court, who reversed the county court in which the case was tried and the Superior Court as well, declaring that "in the operation of its road and the running of its cars the judgment of the Board of Directors of a R. R. Co., in the absence of statutory provision, is supreme and exclusive." In discussing the measures taken by the railroad company to protect the public, upon whom the responsibility for the public's safety lies, Mr. Justice Brown in the same opinion states: "What particular means, however, shall be employed to protect the public when using streets or highways at railroad crossings is left to the company operating the road, the law merely demanding and requiring reasonable care in view of all the circumstances."

The position of the B. & S. Co is that it is not their duty to erect gates, and they object to the expense attendant upon their erection and maintenance, and the keeping of a watchman at that point. They have no objection to the gates, but claim that if the town wants them it must put them there and pay the watchman.

And the law seems to be very much in their favor.

COUNCIL MEETING.

The Town Council met on Monday evening and reached an important decision concerning the collection of 1906 and 1907 taxes. As was suggested at the preceding meeting, liens are to be filed against those property owners who have not yet settled up this matter.

Solicitor John G. Harman reported that he had secured blanks from Harrisburg for the application for a state road, from the Town Hall to the Scott township line, and that the necessary data had been obtained. It looks as though this improvement will be made in the near future.

The clearing up of the unsanitary conditions along the old canal bed, mention of which the Columbian made last week, was discussed. The railroad company which owns the property is willing to co-operate with the town in abating it. This is a step in the right direction.

Matters of minor importance were discussed and adjournment followed.

LET THERE BE LIGHT.

The commissioners of Columbia and Luzerne counties should get together at once, and decide upon some method of lighting the Berwick bridge. It is now dark and dangerous, and the matter of *how* it shall be lighted is not nearly so important as the fact that it should be lighted in some way. Gas and electric light are both available. The latter will undoubtedly give the best results. It is likely there will be another meeting of the two boards called soon.

AT THE MAGEE WORKS.

The offices at the Magee Carpet Mill are now located on the second floor of the recent addition to the buildings. The main office is a large, light and airy room, finished in hard wood, with handsome roll top desks and tables for the various clerks and bookkeepers.

The Mill is now turning out 1500 rugs of different kinds daily. In this line it is probably the largest factory in the state.

It is hard to realize the full benefit of this great establishment to this community, until a visit to its many departments reveals its extent. Bloomsburg is greatly indebted to the indomitable pluck and energy of James Magee, who has given to this town an industry that employs hundreds of hands, and pays out every month many thousands of dollars in wages.

Besides being the manager of this big concern, and making frequent trips east and west, from St. Louis to Boston, he finds time to run a complete machine shop, and to give considerable attention to the Leader Store Co., in which he is largely interested, and to devote much of his good business common sense to the management of the town affairs in the capacity of a member of council, a position to which he has been elected for several years consecutively as an independent.

Truly Mr. Magee is a busy man.

SAMUEL GIGER.

Samuel Giger died at his home on West Main street on Thursday afternoon from a paralytic stroke which came the day previous. He had been sawing wood the greater part of the day. Becoming tired about 3 o'clock he went into the house to rest. Soon after he attempted to take a drink of water and found he could not swallow. His wife, noticing something was wrong, spoke to him but received no answer. A physician was called who pronounced it paralysis. He was nearly 70 years of age, and had resided here for the past 24 years, moving here from Montour township. He was a member of the Lutheran church and of Pomona Grange.

He is survived by his wife and the following children: Arthur of Milwaukee; Ellis and Frank of Montour township; Isaiah of Montour county, and Charles of this town. The funeral took place on Monday morning at 9 o'clock, the body being taken to the Grovania Lutheran church where services were held, and thence to the Grovania cemetery.

A BARN DANCE.

A very unique party was that given by Miss Ethel Bierman in her father's barn on Fourth street, on Friday night last. The second floor of the barn was very prettily decorated with festoons, corn ears and pumpkins, Japanese lanterns, flags, &c. The lawn was also very attractively decorated and lighted with electric lamps.

The party was given in honor of Miss Bierman's young lady friends from State College, who were Misses Mary K. Jackson, Carolyn Buckhort, Mary Heckle, Eleanor Welsh, Gertrude Welsh, Ethel Sparks, Clara Pond and Millicent Pond. Besides a number of young people from town, there were a number from other places including Danville, Pine Grove and Philadelphia.

Excellent music was furnished by Goss' orchestra, and delicious refreshments appropriate for the occasion were served. It was throughout a delightful party.

RAIN NEEDED.

In spite of Monday's rainfall, which in some sections assumed the proportions of a cloudburst, while in others it was but a sprinkling shower, reports from all parts of Pennsylvania indicate a most serious condition of drought.

In many sections church congregations are offering prayers for rain. Farmers complain that the corn and potato crops are in great danger and that at least two weeks of wet weather is necessary to save them.

In the Upper Schuylkill Valley though there was a heavy shower Sunday night the relief afforded was nowhere near what is needed. Many of the towns are already on short supply of water, and a number of collieries have been forced to close for lack of water. Notably at Shenandoah the water service has been cut to two hours per day, and a number of industrial establishments are shut down.

The Reading Railway is hauling water trains on several of its branches, but on the Catawissa branch water is so scarce that it is stated that the train service will be reduced because not enough water can be obtained for the locomotives.

The long drought is well understood to be due to the clearing out of the forests of the State, and this is a condition that is increasing. Severe drought conditions have been known for several years each summer, but are at their worst this year.

In the Cumberland, Juniata and Lykens Valleys wells and springs are drying up, and streams usually of good volume are reduced to tiny rivulets. Manufacturers and farmers on every hand are forced to haul water for considerable distance.

Forcasts of the weather promise no great relief. It is believed that the coming week will be cooler than the past one, but there is no promise of heavy rain.

Over the eastern part of the State the rainfall for the past three months is said to have been less than two inches.

Owing to the drought the early potatoes crop was a failure in Berks county, and the farmers fear that Monday's rain came too late to save the late crop from partial failure. Lack of rain during the past month has also affected all the other crops, including corn and fruit, although Berks has not suffered as have some of the other counties of the State. In apples the absence of rain has not been so marked. While there will not be a bumper crop, the orchards are all full compared with Lancaster and some of the adjoining counties. Taken all in all, Berks has been fortunate compared with other sections of the State.

ORGANIZE CLUBS.

There ought to be a Bryan Club in every town in this county. The strength of a party is in organization. Without that, interest flags, and a sull vote cannot be brought out.

Twenty-five years ago it was the custom in Presidential years to have a Democratic club, with uniforms and torches, and political parades with brass bands were in vogue everywhere. This custom seems to have been abandoned, as it was troublesome and expensive. But the necessity for clubs still remains. There must be club rooms where the issues of the campaign can be discussed, and an organization to look after the details of the campaign.

It is time to begin to talk about these things, as it is only a few weeks until the election.

J. C. BROWN RETIRES.

In March 1874 the *Republican* was purchased by D. A. Beckley and Jas. C. Brown, and a few years later Mr. Brown became the sole owner. For more than thirty-four years he has been the editor of the only straight-out Republican organ in the county, and has been recognized as one of the foremost leaders of that organization.

In politics his paper has been of the radical type, and has been a close adherent to the organization as represented by Quay and Penrose. Though an active politician for so many years, we believe it would be hard to lay a finger on any political act of Mr. Brown that could be classed as dishonest or dishonorable. He has been a fair and open opponent.

As a local newspaper, the *Republican* has stood for the best in local government and has encouraged and fostered every movement that was intended for the advancement of the community. Probably no man in Bloomsburg has given so much of his personal time and attention to the affairs of the public as has Mr. Brown. He has been prominent in the management of the Normal School, the public schools, the Agricultural Society and the Methodist church, and whatever else was of general public interest. His retirement from the editorial chair after so long a period of usefulness will be generally regretted.

Mr. Brown's withdrawal from the newspaper business leaves the proprietor of the Columbian the oldest editor in continuous service in the county.

K. G. E. PICNIC.

The Knights of the Golden Eagle held their third annual picnic at Kleim's Grove, Rupert, on Saturday. The attendance was good, and a very pleasant day was spent. There were a number of contests in the afternoon. The winners were the following: 100 yard dash, Frank Golder, first, Marvin Mericle, second. 1st prize, Eagle pin; 2nd, a belt. Three legged race, Joe Burrows and Boyd Hirst, gold cuff buttons; 2nd, Parson Derr and Daniel Mericle, neckties. Sack race, Lee Washburn, smoking set; 2nd, Jacob Millard, suspenders. Wheelbarrow race, John Welliver, half dozen handkerchiefs; 2nd, George Yost, quarter dozen handkerchiefs. Ladies' wheelbarrow race, Mrs. W. J. Brobst, fruit dish; 2nd, Mrs. William Shaffer, salt and pepper set. 14 pound shot put, Frank Girton, umbrella; 2nd, C. A. Pursel, pocket book. Nail driving contest, Mrs. W. J. Brobst, umbrella; 2nd, Mrs. C. A. Pursel, hat pin. Pillow contest, Frank Girton, Eagle watch fob; 2nd, John Welliver, pillow.

Hower's orchestra furnished music for dancing, afternoon and evening.

Grangers at Mainville.

The members of the Granges of Catawissa, Beaver and Mainville held a picnic at Yetter's Grove, Mainville, on Saturday last. The attendance was large and it was a great success in every way. Sociability was the order of the morning. In the afternoon an excellent program was rendered. W. P. Zahner presided, and the speakers were C. H, Dildine, Congressman John G. McHenry and Hon. W. T. Creasy. It is unnecessary to say that the speeches were good ones. There was also a solo by Miss Fetterolf, a recitation by Miss Breisch, and a German song by William Zimmerman.

MURDER AT MT. CARMEL.

It is difficult to keep track of all the murders that are committed in Northumberland county. Another one was added to the list at Mt. Carmel last Friday morning.

In a drunken fight Daniel T. Thomson stabbed his uncle, Daniel Burch, in the neck with a pen knife, severing an artery, and before the flow of blood could be stopped, his victim had bled to death. The murderer gave himself up to the police and was taken to Sunbury jail to await trial.

Shortly after midnight Burch went into his boarding house on South Market street, Mt. Carmel, after having spent the evening at the Clover Hose company. There he met Joe Rokus and Thompson, who boarded at the same house with him. They too had been spending the evening over many a social glass, and, all being in a jovial mood, they began enlivening the place with their hilarity. Thomson and Burch went into the parlor, and there an altercation suddenly developed between them. Thomson drew a knife and plunged it into the older man's neck. The blade severed the subclavian artery on the left side at the base of the neck. He fell, blood streaming from the wound.

Horror stricken at what he had done, Thomson and others in the house went for a physician, but before they could return with one the wounded man bled to death.

The mother of the murderer, who is a sister of the deceased, collapsed after hearing the story of the crime.

Thomson is aged 27 years, and is unmarried. He is crippled by the loss of a foot last spring in the mines, where he is employed. He is well known politically, being the Republican committeeman in the East district of Mt. Carmel township.

Burch was aged 37 years, and was a man with a remarkable record. He served in the United States Marine corps, and was one of the first to enter Peking at the time of the Boxer troubles. He afterwards served three years in the Philippines. On leaving the service he returned to his home in Mt. Carmel where he organized the Lawton camp of the Spanish-American War veterans.

MRS. CLARISSA BALDY.

Mrs. Clarissa Baldy died at Bramwell, West Virginia, on Monday, August 10th, and the remains were brought to Danville for interment, where the funeral services were held in Christ Church on Wednesday.

Mrs. Baldy was a sister of the late Mrs. J. J. Brower of this town, and an aunt of the Misses Doak and E. B. Brower. Her maiden name was Brothwell, and many years ago her parents lived in the house of F. C. Eyer on Market street, now occupied by Mrs. Joshua Fetterman.

For many years she resided in Danville with her husband, Charles Baldy. He died some years ago. She was 80 years of age, and leaves four children, all of whom reside outside of the state. One son was the editor of the *Montour American* at Danville, but a promising career was cut short by death in young manhood. Mrs. Baldy was a member of the Episcopal Church, and respected and beloved by all who knew her.

MR. REED'S PARTY.

About seventy-five members of the Bloomsburg Wheelmen availed themselves of the invitation of Mr. W. S. Reed to eat watermelon at Columbia Park on Tuesday night. Special cars were run, and the Citizens Band went along and gave a concert in the grove.

The watermelons were plenty and delicious, and after the feast Prof. Wilbur in a few remarks returned the thanks of the club to Mr. Reed. This is the third annual treat he has given them.

The entire absence of straw hats was noticeable. Everybody but four wore caps or soft hats. Last year every straw hat that was visible was smashed. The four exceptions wore derbys, and these were all deprived of further usefulness in short order.

Honestly, it seems to us that the pleasure and popularity of these parties would be greatly enhanced if the rough house feature were eliminated. And our hat was not smashed either.

Lloyd B. Skeer returned Monday from Augusta, Maine, where he went to attend a meeting of stockholders of the Nevada Copper Company.

DIABOLO AND THE DUKE.

Miss van Busker stood poised on the doorstep.

"Is that how you play the thing [illegible]way?" she said, holding the diabolo sticks awkwardly but with an indescribably bewitching air.

We were all a little bit jealous of Miss van Busker, I think. She had arrived last night before with three monster trunks, four large hat boxes, a poodle and a very French maid.

An extremely smart "shoot" was assembled at the Towers, but Miss van Busker seemed to take the shine out of the rest of us when she came down to dinner in pale pink velvet and not an ornament of any description on her alabaster neck and shoulders.

However, as I was saying, Miss van Busker stood on the doorstep with diabolo sticks in her hand.

The guns were going to shoot at ten, and everyone knows how fussy men are just before they start, but three of them actually responded to Miss van Busker's challenge.

"I'll show you," they exclaimed, but the Duke of Derry didn't pretend to hear and went on wiping his gun or whatever it is men do.

"I won't bother now," Miss van Busker said slowly, and presently the the guns drove away in the big brake to the home covert.

We all knitted stocks by the fire in the morning and exchanged confidences in our rooms after luncheon. Miss van Busker was as bright as—well, as bright as one can be all day, though Lady Jane said it was much too damp for us to lunch with the guns, and we stayed in until tea time. Miss van Busker came down to tea in a clinging white crepe de chine and looked quite lovely.

"They Were Playing Diabolo in the Hall."

"She's beautifully turned-out and [illegible]that," pretty little Lady Hildegarde St. Helens said to me as she handed me the toast, "but she's no [illegible]arm, has she?"

"Oh, I don't know," I said doubtfully. "I think she has."

The men came in just then, and first one and then the other went over and talked to Miss van Busker, except the duke, who sat by his sister and told us of the day's sport.

The Duke of Derry was young, not married, and as everyone knows, quite poor; "stony" is his own expression, so most of the girls treated him as a sort of brother.

After tea, I don't know how it happened, but Miss van Busker sat reading a paper, and when the men went off into the smoking room, the duke, who had to pass her chair, stopped and presently sat down by her side.

"No; I'm not a whale at games," I heard her say, and a little later she and the duke disappeared. When I went up shortly afterwards to get a book that I had left in my room and that I really wanted, they were playing diabolo in the hall, or rather Miss van Busker was looking on and the duke was holding the sticks.

"This way, d'you see?" he was saying very earnestly, as I passed.

"My now if that ain't too cunnin'," Miss van Busker said in her pretty nasal twang that seems to get worse the longer she stays in England. (She'd hardly any accent when Lady Bulstrode began taking her out last season.)

That evening when we had been given our candlesticks and were going to our rooms, Miss van Busker followed me.

"Now, may I come in a moment?" she said in her girlish way that is very appealing.

"Oh, do," I said, though I was very sleepy.

Miss van Busker went over to the fire and placed a marvellously small foot on the fender.

"My! ain't this the room Henry III. slept in before the battle of Lewes?"

"Oh, is it?" I said with some confusion, "perhaps it is."

Miss van Busker looked at me meditatively. "You British are queer," she said. "But if you will pardon me I don't think you're one mite British. No," she continued, "I kind of feel cawnfidence in you; the others here are what I call pretty nosey."

I had known Miss van Busker all the summer, and I gathered her now to mean that the house party struck her as "stuck up."

"They don't mean anything," I murmured.

But Miss van Busker was not listening, she was gazing into the coals.

"I got to get engaged to a dook," she said suddenly; "all my girl friends were when they came home from Eu-rope, and I don't intend to be left on the mat."

"Indeed," I murmured rather lamely.

"I don't know about marrying."

Miss van Busker looked plaintively at me. "I'd see about that aff-ter, but I'd hate to face the reporters and the girls' luncheons if I hadn't a pretty good thing on ice."

"But is that quite fair?" I murmured once again, "and—and are you sure you can?"

"Fair? Why, I reckon most young men have a pretty useful amount of horse sense," Miss van Busker replied. "I don't worry any about them. And I s'pose most of us can get what we feel we warnt."

We both stared into the fire. It seemed a simple and cheerful philosophy.

"Diabolo's a great game," Miss van Busker added, irrevalently.

"You're learning it, aren't you?" I asked, beginning to take the diamonds out of my hair.

"Yes; I'm learning," Miss van Busker laughed, and when she laughs in the firelight there is a gleam of what looks like fine pearls.

Miss van Busker said some very pretty things to me; she's certainly very attractive and we said good night in the friendliest way.

The next day the men were to shoot the great spinney; it was the big day of the week, and every one was what Miss van Busker called well on time, every one except the duke.

"We can't wait for old Stony," the men agreed after breakfast, and various expeditions to the bachelor quarters drew blank; the duke sent down to say he had strained a muscle and couldn't go out.

A big oak gallery runs round the hall at the Towers, and my room was off the gallery. I do not know that I was surprised when I opened my door to see a diabolo spool shoot up past me and fall back with a loud crash to the hall floor.

"My! a babe in arms would do it better," I heard Miss van Busker say with great apparent vexation.

When I descended the big staircase a moment later Miss van Busker, and, of course, the duke, who seemed quite well, were resting on the big oak seat with the high back. Miss van Busker held the diabolo sticks and the duke was twirling the spool in his hands and looking at Miss van Busker.

All that day and the next Miss van Busker learned diabolo.

"I dont get on one mite," she would answer when questioned; and the other men gave up all claim to teaching her.

Our main staple of conversation became Miss van Busker's progress in the game.

On the fourth day she had improved slightly; the duke had declared the long gallery a better place for learning, and poor Lady Lady Jane who did not want to stand in his way, asked them to be very careful. But when I went through by mistake, the diabolo lay on the ground and they were looking at the pictures. At tea that afternoon the post came in.

"Two people occupied the tall oak seat."

"I've got a lot of snapshots from Greenhays," Lady Hildegarde said suddenly, and looked at Miss van Busker.

Coralie flushed the slightest, prettiest pink, but she finished her tea, and then got up and went into the hall.

Little Lady Hildegarde handed me the snapshots. "Bertie sent them," she said briefly. "Miss van Busker was staying there. She seems to forget—games," she added wickedly.

In quite six out of the dozen or more photographs, Miss van Busker, I regret to say, appeared playing diabolo with the most finished grace. She was depicted in the act of catching and throwing the spool with the precision of an expert.

Lady Hildegarde laughed. "What would Stony say?" she murmured.

But her brother had followed Miss van Busker from the room.

I happened to pass through the hall not long after. Two people occupied the tall oak seat under the palms.

"Why, yes," I couldn't help hearing a drawling murmur as I hurried by, "I guess I knew it all the time pretty well. But I kind of thought you'd like to teach me—didn't you?"

But I shut my door upstairs upon the answer.

East and West of Fiji.

East of Fiji life is one long, lotus eating dream, stirred only by occasional parties of pleasure, feasting, love making, dancing and a very little gardening work. Music is the soul of the people, beauty of face and movement is more the rule than the exception, and friendliness to strangers is carried almost to excess. Westward of the Fijis lie the dark, wicked cannibal groups of the Solomons, Banks and New Hebrides, where life is more like a nightmare than a dream; murder stalks openly in broad daylight, people are nearer to monkeys than human beings in aspect, and music and dancing are little practiced and in the rudest possible state.—National Geographic Magazine.

High heels, it is said, owe their origin to Persia, where they were introduced to raise the feet from the burning sands.

THE CURIOUS INK FISH.

The Veracious Seaman Relates Some of Its Wonderful Doings.

"You talk about fights with sharks and sighting sea serpents," said Third Officer Carl Ducks, of the German steamship Allegnany, as he leaned over the chart table. "Do you see that spot on the map in the Bay of Bengal? Well, we were becalmed there for a week when I was working before the mast on the full rigged ship Arethusa ten years ago. There had not been as much as a breath of air stirring for a week and all of us lay around despondent and nopeless, for the Bay of Bengal is not the happiest place in the world to be becalmed in.

"The skipper had no orders to give, so didn't give any, and no one of us in the fo'c's'le knew what to do with himself. On the seventh day when this idleness got on our nerves and we were lazily drifting with the currents, the man at the wheel suddenly discovered that the Arethusa was being pushed over to port, notwithstanding that he had his wheel hard over endeavoring to keep the vessel in a straight course.

"None of us could understand it, for there did not seem to be as much as a small current in the sea and there surely was not a puff of wind in the flapping canvas.

"Suddenly Metzger, the bos'un, leaned over the starboard rail forward and pointed excitedly to the water below. All of us ran to him and there dimly visible and almost entirely submerged, was a huge inkfish close to our starboard side.

CARVING THE INKFISH.

"Because the inkfish had spread her peculiar coloring on the water about her we could hardly make her out. It is a peculiarity of the inkfish, this spreading of a haze around her. I think here you call the inkfish an octopus. Whichever it is, ours was actually pushing our 3,000 ton ship over out of the course to which the helmsman was trying to keep the Arethusa.

"The captain ordered a harpoon brought out and the hook was dropped right on top of the inkfish, catching the monster amidships, and she was, with the aid of a block and tackle, rigged to the foreyard, soon high and dry on the fo'c'sle deck.

"One of the boys was investigating the monster which weighed every ounce of seven hundred pounds when suddenly out shot one of the dozen tentacles from the inkfish. When that was withdrawn another would shoot out, and in this way the inkfish bent our foward stanchions, twisted the rail into a shapeless mass and spread ruin and damage all over the forward section.

"Darmsadt, the carpenter, had a bright suggestion. None of us could get near to the inkfish whose arms were about twenty or twenty-five feet in length, and which were now swaying all around, keeping the crew at a safe distance. The carpenter brought an axe and when the first arm reached his vicinity off came five feet of tentacle. He kept this up with each tentacle in succession until the dozen arms of the inkfish had been shortened by five feet. Then he got nearer and again made the 'rounds' as the arms were shot forward toward him.

"Finally, when the inkfish had only a dozen stumps left and Darmstadt could get close enough to the monster, he gave it one blow between the little doorknob like eyes and that was the end of the inkfish on the Arethusa. As the final blow was struck home that inkfish gave forth a squeal just like a rabbit. I never knew a fish to be able to utter a sound. But the death squal of that octopus inkfish will never leave my ears."

Surprise for an Oyster Shucker.

As George Schuck was opening oysters in the Susquehanna House, Catawissa, he opened one that gave him a surprise. It was apparently as solid and as sound as any he had opened, but when he removed the shell he found therein a small fish about two inches in length and a small hard-shell crab, the top of which was three-fourths of an inch in width. The fish was plump and life-like, though dead, but the crab was as lively as a cricket. There was no sign of an oyster in the shell, which was 2½x4 inches.—Philadelphia Record.

The Pet Dogs of Paris.

In Paris dogs are treated as well as human beings are. They wear automobile togs when they go motoring, they have a hospital, and they even have a good-sized cemetery, with monuments and headstones, and inscriptions and mortuary wreaths.

THE TEDDY BEAR CRAZE.

German and American Factories Could Not Make Enough.

The craze seems to have started at Atlantic City. A child there, says one chronicle, saw a lovable looking little fuzzy brown plush bear in a shop window one day and had his mother buy it for him. It was a bear made by an old lady in Germany. Other children saw the child with the bear and copied. Visitors at Atlantic City took home with them the bear fad, and the bear craze was in the saddle.

The German woman who had sent the bears over years ago, and had since then been making comparatively few, just enough to satisfy the small demand, wondered why the American toy dealers suddenly sent such large orders for the bears—Teddy bears, as Americans began to call them immediately. The average German toy maker supplies orders as they come in, not caring to keep on hand a large stock of goods with only ephemeral popularity, so the German lady was hard put to it. In a short time she had more than 2,000 girls at work on the Teddy bear, and the calls for animals were still insistent.

As many of the ideas of the German toymakers come from France, and those in the UnitedStates from Germany the American manufacturer promptly fell in line for the bear trade. Hundreds of bears are being made every day in the United States, and the issues of the trade journals of toyland carry many advertisements of Teddy bears.

Help to the Housewife.

Nobody ever thinks of lifting a hot stove lid with the flugers. Stovelifters are provided for exactly this purpose. For the same reason the housewife should not be compelled to lift a hot cooking utensil from the fire with her fingers. An implement designed for this purpose is shown in the illustration. It is shaped like a stovelifter—in fact, can be used as such. At one end

Grasps Edge of Pan.

is an automatic clamp, which can be instantly slipped over the edge of any cooking utensil and moved to the place desired. The clamp is so adjusted that it grasps the dish firmly, and there is no danger of it becoming loose and falling to the floor. Such a lifter would be far more serviceable and handier than the usual method of using a cloth, with the additional advantage of protecting the hands and fingers from possible burns.

A Useful Precaution.

A most satisfactory way of preventing garter clasps from breaking the threads in the top of stockings has been devised by a woman in charge of a large theatrical wardrobe. She sews two small squares of ribbon on the hem of the stocking, on either side, just where the garter fastens.

By doing this she finds that the strain comes on the ribbon instead of on the stocking, and that no matter how tightly the stocking may be draw up the stitches will not break.

There is nothing much more discouraging than to find a break with a 'run' that may extend half way down the length of the stocking, and such small precautions are more than worth the trouble that is necessary in taking them.

HOUSEHOLD HINTS.

Freshen salt fish by soaking in sour milk.

Thin syrup may be made thicker by boilling it down.

To remove egg stains from silver apply salt and rub with a soft cloth.

A little sugar added to the water used in basting a roast improves its flavor.

Eggs are more nourishing when cooked by being covered with boiling water and allowed to stand for five minutes than when boiled for three minutes.

Brother Dickey's Sentiments.

I done quit sermonizin' on Satan. Ef de folks wants ter know any mo' 'bout him dey'll have ter wait twel dey git dar.

I have my own idea 'bout Paradise, but ef ever I gits in dar I gwinter to lay mighty low!

Some folks driver angels fum dey door, but ef dey a' knowed dey wux angels dey'd 'a' axed 'um in an' pulled de feathers out dey wings!—Atlanta Constitution.

Butter is preserved and put up in cans of tin to be sold in tropical countries or districts remote from civilization. Most of the tinned butter comes from France.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher **and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.**

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

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Bears the Signature of
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The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

MARRY FIRST; LOVE LATER.

Japanese Woman Tells of Cupid's Scheme in the Orient.

"Americans fall in love and then marry; the Japanese marry and then fall in love."

This is the statement of the wife of Kokikochi Midzuno, the Japanese consul. She recently arrived from her native land. With her two children and her husband she is very happy, and in her contentment she wishes to solve the problem of unhappy marriages, says the New York American.

"Why do American women tire of their husbands?" she asked, as she brewed tea and ordered cake.

"American women," she said, "ought to stop and think of one of our old songs. The words of it run like this: 'I want to live to be 99 years and you must live to be a hundred, so that we may be happy while our hair grows gray.'"

"Marriage is safer in Japan. Experienced people arrange it. In the great wisdom of our parents these marriages are brought about. A young man desires to marry a girl. Her father arranges a meeting and the two young persons are introduced. Maybe they do not love at first ,but after a while a great and tender affection steals over them. Wives in Japan are content with their husbands for years and years."

She was asked for her idea concerning woman's rights, and the suffragette were mentioned.

"Suf-suffragette-?" Mrs. Midzuno stammered. She looked relieved when her husband assured her that there was no danger. Then she laughed when she explained in Japanese was a woman bent upon winning the right to cast a ballot like a man.

"Oh, think of that in Japan," she cried, looking at the consul.

"Too many husbands is not a happy thing," she declared. "The American women should be more content and not crave so much excitement. They should have wise people to choose for them their mates and not go suddenly into matrimony. To love all before marriage and not leave no happiness for the years to come after that is not a good thing."

Why Southern Illinois Is Called Egypt.

The year 1824 was very wet. Corn on flat lands was a total failure. This year the weevil destroyed the wheat after it was harvested. The next year, 1825, there was a remarkable growth of chinkles on the branch bottoms. The winter of 1830-31 was known as the winter of deep snow. The snow was of a depth from two and a half to three feet on the level. It drifted much and was very destructive to fruit trees. The winter was intensely hot. Both in 1831 and 1832 the early frosts so blighted the corn as to entirely render it worthless for almost any purpose.

During the years between and including 1824-34, so nearly coterminous to the years of famine in the days of Pharaoh and his ruler, as he made Joseph to be the people of Illinois, dependent on the southern part of the State for so much grain, particularly corn, that people in remembrance of the Bible story began to call the State which had been so helpful in time of need, Egypt.—Albion Journal.

Exterminating Rats.

The municipality of Copenhagen has opened war on rats and will pay 1½ cents for every tail. The breeding of rats for their tails is a criminal offense.

How Birds Meet Emergencies.

Dr. Francis H. Herrick says a sparrow will pluck a horse hair from the mouth of a nestling, while another bird, like an oriole, will stand by and see its mate hang until dead without attempting to release it.

A robin will tug at a string which has caught on a limb, but is never seen fully to meet the situation by releasing the string. It will make several turns of a cord about a limb and leave the other end free without any relation to the nest, so that its effort is useless. It ties no knots.

The gull according to abundant and competent testimony, will carry shellfish to a considerable height, drop them on the rocks or hard ground, and repeat the experiment until it gets the soft meat.—Chicago Tribune.

Our First Appearance.

Highest authorities place the time since men first appeared on the earth at 288,000 years. Of this 78,000 belong to the preglacial epoch, 100,000 to glacial, 44,000 to interval between prehistoric and neolithic, 10,000 to neolithic epoch and 6,000 to time elapsed since beginning of the historic period in Egypt.

The Four D's.

Charles Spurgeon once said that there were three great enemies to man—"dirt, debt and the devil." He might have added one more d and included dyspepsia. The evil results of this disease could hardly be exaggerated. It's effects are felt in mind and body, and are so far reaching as the effects of the curse that was laid on the Jackdaw of Rheims which was cursed in "eating and drinking and sleeping, in standing and sitting and lying." The good effects of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery are most marked in aggravated and chronic cases of dyspepsia. It enables the stomach glands to secrete the necessary quantity of digestive fluids, and this at once removes that craving or gnawing sensation so common to certain forms of indigestion. It tones and regulates the stomach, invigorates torpid liver and gives the blood-making glands keen assimilative power. "Golden Medical Discovery" cures ninety-eight per cent. of those who use it.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are superior to all other laxative medicines when the bowels are obstructed.

The only way some people can be happy is to get more than their money's worth.

THE "PURE FOOD LAW" is designed by the Government to protect the public from injurious ingredients in both foods and drugs. It is beneficial both to the public and to the conscientious manufacturer. Ely's Cream Balm, a successful remedy for cold in the head, nasal catarrh, hay fever, etc., containing no injurious drugs, meets fully the requirements of the new law, and that fact is prominently stated on every package. It contains none of the injurious drugs which are required by the law to be mentioned on the label. Hence you can use it safely.

The clinging nature is sometimes illustrated by the way a man hangs onto his money.

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Ely's Cream Balm

Is quickly absorbed. Gives Relief at Once.

It cleanses, soothes heals and protects the diseased membrane resulting from Catarrh and drives away a Cold in the Head quickly. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. Full size 50 cts., at druggists or by mail. In liquid form, 75 cents. Ely Brothers, 56 Warren Street, New York.

CATARRH

HAY FEVER

THE WAKEFUL CHILD

SUGGESTIONS WHICH IF FOLLOWED WILL EFFECT A CURE.

The Baby at Birth is Plastic Material and Can Be Easily Trained to Correct Habits Unless There is Injudicious Management.

BY CHARLOTTE A. AIKENS.

A nervous wakeful child is the material out of which a nervous, wakeful adult is made. It is undoubtedly a fact that the foundations for many cases that develop into chronic nervous debility, are laid in infancy or early childhood. Hereditary, of course, plays some part. Many children are born with weakened nerves, but it is also true, that nervous children are the product, largely, of injudicious management. A baby, at birth, is plastic material. It can be trained to habits of sleeping and feeding at proper times, or at improper times.

Wakefulness at night is quite often occasioned by physical discomfort, but conditions of physical discomfort are largely preventable. Indigestion as a result of overfeeding, colic which may arise from improper food, wrinkled, wet or tight clothing, cold feet, a room that is too warm or badly ventilated—all these may help to produce a restless baby. In summer, especially, a baby who sleeps with its parents is liable to be too warm. A cool, clean crib of its own, will mean more comfortable nights for all concerned.

With older children the cause of wakefulness may sometimes be found in the excitement of an evening frolic with parents, or too active, exciting plays with children late in the afternoon or evening. There are certain forms of plays common with children, which produce in a child of a nervous temperament, the same train of symptoms that are liable to follow late hours or dissipation where adults are concerned.

After an afternoon of hard playing, which is as exhausting in a child as hard mental or physical exercise in a grown person, a child, under the resulting nervous excitement, is very apt to indulge in a too hearty evening meal. The process of digestion is unfinished at bedtime and that alone may give rise to insomnia.

In the other hand a poorly nourished child is almost certain to be a peevish, wakeful child and a little care in dieting, choosing easily digested, nourishing foods may suffice to effect a complete cure.

The custom of telling stories to children in the evening or after they are in bed is another thing that tends to wakefulness. Instead of quieting the little listeners, the evening story often stimulates their mind to further activity. If the evening is the time chosen for stories, the story should be of the sleepy, uninteresting drowsy type, with nothing in particular which is likely to stay long in the child's mind.

Keeping a light burning in a room invariably tends to wakefulness. Some hours of complete darkness is as necessary for the growing child as for the growing plant.

A thorough heating of the feet before going to bed is desirable, and a warm brick or hot water bottle well wrapped to the feet often helps the child as well as the adult to drop off to sleep quickly. A drink of hot milk sipped slowly, with a cracker, is another simple remedy that has proven very effectual.

The restless baby may develop into a very well behaved child if his bath hour is changed from morning to evening and he gets his clothing on straight, smooth and comfortable, before putting him to bed. With a very nervous, wakeful older child, gentle sponging down the spinal column with water as hot as can be borne is a procedure that assists in promoting healthy sleep.

How to Look Pretty in a Photograph.

A curious fact relative to a woman's personality is that the two sides of her face are not in accord with the other. In other words, every woman has two faces, and one shows certain characteristics which the other does not, and each contradicts the other.

The left side is nearly always the prettier, although it would take a very keen eye to discern any difference; but it is worth while to remember this when posing for one's photograph.

The moral of this is obvious. The The left side of the face showing to far better advantage than the right, it is everyone's duty to keep the good side turned toward an observer.

The Secret of a Neat House.

I have a little plan that has saved me so much time and strength that I should like others to know of it, says a contributor to a magazine. It is this: we have two "pounds" in our house for misplaced articles. One is an unused cupboard on the first floor; the other is on the second floor. Into these cupboards the members of the family may put anything that they find lying around. There is a child's bank in each cupboard into which one must put a cent before he can claim his property. The money may be used to get some little thing for the house.

Freshening a Black Frock.

A black frock may be freshened by sponging it with alcohol mixed with water in the proportion of one part alcohol to three of water. The garment should be sponged on the right side but ironed on the wrong.

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Veterinary Specifics cure diseases of Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Dogs, Hogs and Poultry by acting directly on the SICK PARTS without loss of time.

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G. G. Prevents MISCARRIAGE.
H. H. CURES {KIDNEY & BLADDER DISORDERS.
I. I. CURES {SKIN DISEASES, Mange, Eruptions, Ulcers, Grease, Farcy.
J. K. CURES {BAD CONDITION, Staring Coat, Indigestion, Stomach Staggers.

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☞ BOOK MAILED FREE.

A Pretty Blouse in Soft Silk.

Nothing makes a more serviceable blouse than natural color pongee. It is also cool and extremely dressy appearing so that waists in this material are regarded as luxuries of the summer girl's wardrobe, though they are not necessarily expensive.

Made like a sailor blouse, though tucked and confined to the figure beneath a fitted girdle of its own material, this pretty design is recommended very highly. The collar is stitched with a narrow bias fold of plaid silk and the front is finished

A PRETTY BLOUSE IN SOFT SILK.

with a broad plait trimmed with fancy buttons. There are sleeves of pongee reaching almost to the elbows and under these fall fuller sleeves of a net guimpe trimmed with soft cream colored lace. As the neck is cut moderately low and the sleeves reach almost to the elbow the gown can be worn without the guimpe with utmost propriety.

The smooth variety of pongee is preferred to the rough for separate waists, and a linen collar and tie of bright hue accompanying a waist in natural color pongee is a handsome combination.

All About a Book.

"Will you please take that book out of this seat?"

"What for?"

"I'd like to sit down there."

"Plenty of other seats in this car, are there not?"

"Yes, sir, but this happens to be the one I want."

"Just so."

(Pause.)

"Will you take that book out of this seat?"

"No, sir."

"You will not?"

"I will not."

"I think it's hoggish for a man to pile his baggage on the seat alongside of him."

(Another pause.)

"Once more, will you take that book out of this seat?"

"Once more, sir, no."

"Then I'll throw it out of the window."

"I advise you not to do it."

"So?"

"Yes; you might get yourself into trouble."

By the way of reply the irate passenger picked up the offending book and hurled it through the open window.

"Now, sir," he demanded, "what are you going to do about it?"

"Nothing. The book isn't mine."

"Whose is it?"

"I think it belongs to that husky looking fellow in the other end of the car, who seems to be coming back to look for it."

A PROBLEM OF BORROWING.

Two Women and a Dozen Eggs Raise a Puzzling Question.

History as it is written in Pratt, Kan., is to the effect that last winter one woman there borrowed of another a dozen eggs, then worth—thrice fortunate Pratt, Kan.!—24 cents.

Recently the borrower determined, whether with assistance or not history conceals to return the eggs and carried to her neighbor's house a dozen as good as those that had been taken thence. But the neighbor refused to take them in extinguishment of her claim. The price of eggs she said, had fallen with the approach of spring, and it was then only 12 cents per dozen. Therefore she wanted not one dozen, but two, and for no less would she call the transaction equitably closed.

Then there was trouble. The first woman insisted that she had borrowed, not bought, the eggs, and that considerations of money value did not and should not enter into the matter at all. This the second woman denied, repeatedly, and the dozen eggs were taken home after much oratory, and a few tears equally divided between grief and rage. Now all the other women in the vicinity have taken up the quarrel, and, still according to history, the question as to whether the borrower or lender is right, has become an important issue in local politics—so important that the spring election in Pratt, Kan., turns on it, according to the New York Times, which adds that borrowing except when conducted on strict business principles, is an evil practice, exceeded as a destroyer of friendship only by out-and-out theft.

Too Much Much and Too Little.

Mr. Benson of the London Times, in his extremely interesting account of the Younghusband expedition into Thibet, gives some remarkable facts about the carrying power of men who were employed to do the heavy work of the journey.

According to his account thousands of coolies were used. The pay was per pound, and the average load was 80 to 90 pounds to the man. Some, however, carried double and even three times the average, in order to earn extra compensation. Mr. Benson tells of one Hindoo coolie who carried a piece of machinery weighing 575 pounds up the mountain slope, making his way from bowlder to bowlder with this almost incredible load on his back. As a contrast Mr. Benson calls attention to the fact that the English trade unions will not allow a workman to carry a load of more than 14 pounds. If his tools or the material weigh more than that he must have a helper. It may well be asked if this kind of civilization is going to work favorably to the proper development of the individual. The man with his plain food and the full exercise of his muscle will be apt to produce sturdier stock than the one who is limited by rules that would seem too mild for children. There is no intention of comparing coolie and skilled labor, but there is a very nice question of influence upon the right progress of the race.

The Color of Good Meat.

The color of good meat, as everybody knows, is red and not dark colored. The layers of fat between the fibres of which the flesh is composed, give it a marbled aspect. Veal and pork are of a lighter color than beef or mutton.

The odor of good fresh meat is pleasant enough, and a chemical test can be applied to the meat juice which is of an acid character, so that if blue litmus paper is soaked in it the paper is turned to a red hue. This test applied to meat which is too old or of a bad quality, will result in the blue litmus paper retaining its original color.

Varnished Wall Paper.

Varnished wall paper should never be cleaned by rubbing with a flannel or cloth. Procure a good, soft white wash brush, which can be bought at any oil store, then have a bucket of clean, soft warm water, in which yellow soap has been lathered. Dip brush into water, slightly squeeze it and commence rubbing gently from the bottom of the paper, working upward. You will thus have paper free from smears and the varnish uninjured.

Medicines are made almost absolutely tasteless, according to a new German process.

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6-25-15t

Columbia & Montour El. Ry.

TIME TABLE IN EFFECT June 1 1904, and until further notice.

Cars leave Bloom for Espy, Almedia, Lime Ridge, Berwick and intermediate points as follows:

A. M. ¶5:00, 5:40, 6:20, 7:00, 7:40, 8:20, 9.00, 9:40, 10:20, 11:00, 11:40.

P. M. 12:20, 1:00, 1:40, 2:20, 3:00, 3:40, 4:20, 5:00, 5:40, 6:20, 7:00, 7:40, 8:20, 9:00 *(9:40) 10:20 *(11:00)

Leaving depart from Berwick one hour from time as given above, commencing at 6:00 a. m.

Leave Bloom for Catawissa A. M. 5:15, 6:15, †7:00, †8:00, 9:00, †10:00, †11:00, 12:00.

P. M. 1:00, †2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, †7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:20, *(11:00)

Cars returning depart from Catawissa 20 minutes from time as given above.

First car leaves Market Square for Berwick on Sundays at 7:00 a. m.

First car for Catawissa Sundays 7:00 a. m.

First car from Berwick for Bloom Sundays leaves at 8:00 a. m.

First car leaves Catawissa Sundays at 7:30 a. m.

¶From Power House.
*Saturday night only.
†P. R. R. Connection.

WM. TERWILLIGER, Superintendent.

Bloomsburg & Sullivan Railroad.

Taking Effect Feb'y 1st, 1908, 12:05 a. m.

NORTHWARD.

	21 A.M. †	P.M. †	P.M. †	23 A.M.
Bloomsburg D L & W	9 00	2 37	6 15	8 00
Bloomsburg P & R	9 02	2 39	6 17	...
Paper Mill	9 14	2 52	6 29	8 20
Light Street	9 18	2 55	6 34	8 25
Orangeville	9 26	3 03	6 43	8 50
Forks	9 36	3 13	6 53	7 08
Zaners	f9 40	f3 17	6 57	7 15
Stillwater	9 48	3 25	7 03	7 40
Benton	9 56	3 33	7 13	8 10
Edsons	f10 00	f3 37	7 17	8 20
Coles Creek	f10 03	f3 40	f7 21	8 16
Laubachs	f10 08	f3 45	f7 31	8 40
Grass Mere Park	f1010	f3 47	f7 33	....
Central	10 15	3 52	7 41	0
Jamison City	10 18	3 55	7 45	1

SOUTHWARD

	22 A.M. †	A.M. †	P.M. †	A.M. ‡	24 A.M. †
Jamison City	5 50	10 48	4 35	7 00	11 30
Central	5 53	10 51	4 38	7 03	11 45
Grass Mere Park	f6 01	f11 00	f4 47	f7 12	....
Laubachs	f6 03	f11 02	f4 48	f7 13	11 52
Coles Creek	f6 12	f11 08	f4 53	f7 22	12 06
Edsons	f6 14	f11 09	f4 56	f7 24	12 10
Benton	6 18	11 13	5 00	7 28	12 35
Stillwater	6 28	11 21	5 08	7 38	12 45
Zaners	f6 35	f11 29	f5 17	f7 45	12 58
Forks	6 39	11 33	5 21	7 49	1 00
Orangeville	6 50	11 42	5 31	8 00	1 30
Light Street	7 00	11 50	5 39	8 10	1 45
Paper Mill	7 03	11 53	5 42	8 13	1 50
Bloom. P & R	...	...	...	8.25	2 10
Bloom. D L & W.	7 20	12 10	6 00	8.30	2 15

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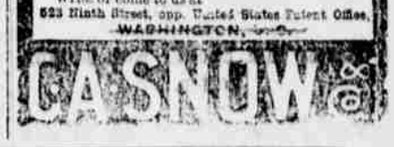

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THURSDAY, AUGUST 20, 1908.

Democratic National Ticket.

FOR PRESIDENT,
WILLIAM JENNINGS BRYAN,
of Nebraska.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
JOHN W. KERN,
of Indiana.

Democratic State Ticket.

JUDGE OF THE SUPERIOR COURT,
WEBSTER GRIMM,
of Bucks County.

Democratic County Ticket.

FOR MEMBER OF CONGRESS,
JOHN G. McHENY,
of Benton.

FOR MEMBER OF LEGISLATURE,
WM. T. CREASY,
of Catawissa,

FOR PROTHONOTARY,
FREEZE QUICK,
of Bloomsburg.

FOR REGISTER AND RECORDER,
FRANK W. MILLER,
of Bloomsburg.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY,
CHRISTIAN A. SMALL,
of Bloomsburg.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER,
JOHN MOUREY,
of Roaring Creek Township.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER
CHARLES L. POHE,
of Catawissa.

JERRY A. HESS,
of Bloomsburg.

FOR COUNTY AUDITORS,
CLYDE L. HIRLEMAN,
of Benton Borough,
(Second Term.)

HARRY CREASY,
of Bloomsburg.
(Second Term.)

A Matter that Should Not be Forgotten.

Young men who voted on age last fall MUST be Registered or they can not vote under any circumstances. Others who have paid a State or County tax within two years may be able to swear in their votes, if they are not upon the Registry, but the voter who cast his first ballot in 1907, has no possible chances to do this. He is not upon any duplicate, has no tax assessed against him, and consequently cannot qualify to having a paid a tax, as is necessary where voters are left off the Registry. By failing to register he practically and effectually disfranchises himself. There is *no way* by which he can vote, and Democrats should remember and see that every young Democrat who voted on age in 1907, is upon the polling list of 1908. And this must be seen to before the evening of September 2nd. Don't Forget this.

ASSOCIATE JUDGES.

On several occasions in the past this paper has advocated the abolishing of the office of Associate Judge, on the ground that it was no longer essential to the administration of justice, and therefore a useless and expensive ornament. In the early days of the state the judicial districts were large, and each one embraced several counties The President Judge traveled from one to the other, and it was impossible for him to be well acquainted in all of them, and so it was deemed necessary to have local associates in each county.

The constitution of 1874 provided that all counties having a population of 40,000 should be entitled to become a separate district, with a President Judge only, the associates to be abolished. This gives a district like Lycoming only one Judge, while the district composed of Sullivan and Wyoming with a population very much less, has five. The same may be said of our own district of Columbia and Montour.

The Middleburg *Post* is now agitating the question of abolishing associate judges, and has compiled a table showing the amount paid by the state as salaries to associates, as follows:

Adams	$ 939.40
Bedford	1001.60
Cameron	751,20
Clinton	2150.00
Columbia	999.40
Elk	800.00
Forest	813.90
Fulton	646.20
Juniata	467.45
Huntingdon	2215.90
Miffiin	707.90
Monroe	1411.80
Montour	1112.40
Perry	748.40
Pike	843.00
Snyder	1511.10
Total	$23,688.60
Sullivan	1351.00
Union	1109.40
Warren	1180.30
Wyoming	2628.25
Total	$29,957.55

Nearly $30,000! When we consider what the state has received in return for this expenditure, it is worth while to discuss whether it cannot be spent to better advantage. The necessity for the officer, if there ever was any, has passed. The office is a useless one and ought to be abolished.

BE PREPARED.

There is no one—at least no one worthy of citizenship—who will not desire to vote at the coming election. The privilege of doing so, of having a voice in selecting those who are to administer the affairs of the government, is one of the highest and most important that can fall to the lot of any mortal being. It is not only a privilege but it is a duty, and a duty that we should all discharge. To vote, however, requires some preparation. First you must be registered, and this cannot be done after the second day of September. So you had better see about it now when you think of it. If you put it off, the matter may slip your memory, and the time go by for this preparation. The time to do a thing is when it should be done, and the time to be registered is NOW. Don't put this off.

A dispatch from Harrisburg says that the fund of $50,000 appropriated by the legislature of 1907 for the payment of bounties on scalps of noxious animals was exhausted when 10 per cent. was paid on bills aggregating $22,000 sent in by forty-three counties. The purpose of the act was to provide money for the extermination of these animals, but such remarkable activity was manifested by hunters that over three-fourths of the appropriation was requisitioned last year.

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS.

At the November election the voters of Pennsylvania will have an opportunity to vote for or against several proposed amendments to the state constitution that are of the utmost importance and demand the earnest consideration of every citizen. These amendments were approved at the last session of the legislature, and are submitted to the electorate prior to final consideration by the next general assembly.

One of these amendments, and possibly the most important, in that it will affect a great economy and make elections less frequent, purposes to abolish the spring election entirely. If it is approved and becomes a part of the fundamental law, in the even numbered years in November the state and county officers shall be chosen, and in the odd years the municipal elections shall be held in November also. Of course, the presidential elections will occur in the even numbered years. Offices the terms of which are three years are made four years, while those that are now five years are increased to six years. Election officers who are chosen for one year, under the present plan, would then serve for two years.

As to the state officers, the auditor general, who is now elected for three years, would serve four years, and the state treasurer's term would be increased from five to six years, and all county offices, councilmen and school directors would serve four years. The change would wipe out the February election, reduce the primaries from two to one each year and provide for only one personal registration.

The second of the three proposed amendments provides that municipalities may contract indebtedness to the amount of 10 per cent. of their total assessed valuation. The present constitutional limitation is 7 per cent.

The third of the proposed amendments consolidates the courts in Philadelphia and Allegheny counties, so that there shall be but one court each.

There is little objection to any of the amendments except possibly the one authorizing an increase of city debts. There are some scruples against relaxing this restraint. The other two amendments are, however, fairly certain of popular approval.—*Altoona Times.*

No Amendment Vote This Year.

The Altoona *Times*, giving information to voters, says:

"At the November election the voters of Pennsylvania will have an opportunity to vote for or against several proposed amendments to the State Constitution."

This is a mistake into which a considerable number of our contemporaries have fallen, and to which we have previously directed attention.

The constitutional amendments will not be voted upon this year. There is no probability that they will come before the people before November of next year. They were proposed by the last Legislature and must be approved by the next Legislature before they can be submitted to popular vote. The next Legislature will also determine when the vote shall be taken; it may be at a special election for the purpose, but it is more likely to be at the regular election in November, since there will be only a few officials to elect next year, and the amendments could have as full consideration as at a special election.

The interest which the voters have in the proposed amendments this year is merely an indirect one, and is to be expressed only in their votes for members of the Legislature. As the members elected this year will pass upon these amendments at the coming session it is assumed that the people are interested in knowing both what the amendments are and how the several legislative candidates are disposed toward them. That is the reason they are now advertised, and not because a vote is to be taken on them this year.

At this time the proposed changes do not excite very general interest. Discussion of them is wholesome, however, and will serve to get the people acquainted with them. If they pass the next Legislature they will be advertised again a year hence, and then the people will be face to face with them as a live and direct question.

—*Phila. Press.*

September 2nd.

Do you ask why we point to that date? If you are not Registered on or before that time, your vote may be lost. It is the last day that you can Register.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

SEPARATE JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

It is claimed by some that when Columbia county contains forty thousand inhabitants it will become a separate judicial district, and under the constitution the associate judges will be eliminated. This is partly correct, but several things must happen before the provisions of the constitution will apply.

Article IV, Section 5 of that instrument is as follows:

"Whenever a county shall contain forty thousand inhabitants it shall constitute a separate judicial district, and shall elect one judge learned in the law; and the General Assembly shall provide for additional judges, as the business of the said districts may require. Counties containing a population less than is sufficient to constitute separate districts shall be formed into convenient single districts, or, if necessary, may be attached to contiguous districts as the General Assembly may provide. The office of associate judge, not learned in the law, is abolished in counties forming separate districts; but the several associate judges in office when this Constitution shall be adopted shall serve for their unexpired terms."

"Whenever a county shall contain forty thousand inhabitants it shall constitute a separate judicial district." But how is it to be determined that a county contains that number? Can it be ascertained in any other way than by the official census of the United States? That will not be taken until 1910.

But that alone will not make the change. A reapportionment must first be made by the legislature, as Montour county must be provided for, and that body will meet in 1911. Then, if we have the forty thousand, and a new apportionment is made, and the legislature sees fit to make this county a separate district, there will be no more associates elected. But a little thing like a constitutional provision is no guarantee that it will be obeyed by a Pennsylvania legislature. If they do not see fit to make the apportionment, what are you going to do about it? The constitution says that "the General Assembly *shall*, at the next succeeding session after each decennial census, and not oftener designate the several judicial districts." This is mandatory, but nothing has been done under it for over thirty years.

The legislature can pass a law at its next session in 1909, abolishing associates, but this would not apply to those now on the bench until the expiration of the terms for which they were elected.

State to Push Capitol Cases.

Scarlet Anxious to Close His Connection With Cases.

Deputy Attorney General Jesse E. B. Cunningham, will return to Harrisburg after a European tour about the first of September and soon after Attorney General Todd will come back from the Maine woods and James Scarlet will meet them to determine what shall be done in regard to the Capitol graft cases this fall. From all indications two criminal cases will be tried and the balance of the cases will depend upon their outcome

The September criminal court in Dauphin county will have a very large list, and as the capitol trial will necessarily be protracted, it is probable that Judge Kunkel will be asked to set a special term late in October for the trial of the cases. This will come after the argument on the motion for a new trial for Sanderson, which will be heard by the judge in October's first week. Mr. Scarlet will speak for the State, P. Fred Rothermel, Jr., for Sanderson and one lawyer for each of the other defendants.

The civil actions to recover the sums alleged to have been filched from the State on the contracts will be instituted this fall by Attorney General Todd in collaboration with David T. Watson, of Pittsburg. The State officials have always contended that they have a good chance of winning these actions. The last case tried was said by many lawyers to have been a good one for a civil court case.

James Scarlet is anxious to close up his connection with the cases, owing to his engagements with the attorney general's department in the federal government's cases in which he is special counsel, and hopes to have all criminal trials end with this year.

AUGUST

FURNITURE and LINEN SALE

An Important Event for Thrifty Housekeepers.

This year's sales will surpass those of any previous season—surpass them in value-giving strength and in the variety of the offerings. Business conditions have enabled us to purchase goods at the lowest prices quoted in years and we pass the splendid bargains along to our customers in the same way—AT AMAZING REDUCTIONS FROM ACTUAL CURRENT VALUES.

Here are a few items, selected at random from the scores of good bargains to be had. Such economies on Table, Household and Art Linens of absolutely dependable qualities—and on artistic Furniture of thorough reliability—are positively without precedent in Bloomsburg retailing. Read on—and profit.

Furniture at Very Unusual Prices

Buying furniture soon "runs into money," and opportunities such as this must interest every housekeeper who needs furniture, for during this sale we are offering exceptional values. Come and inspect these exceptional values.

The Linen Sale.

We consider it a distinct triumph to be able to quote such low prices on qualities so exceptionally fine. Only the most adroit and farsighted buying enables us to do so.

Bleached Table Linen.

56 in. bleached table linen 28c value for 22c
56 in. bleached table linen 59c value for 49c
72 in. bleached table linen 85c value for 72c
72 in. bleached table linen $1.00 value for 85c
72 in. bleached double damask $1.39 value for $1.19
72 in. bleached double damask $1.50 value for $1.25
72 in. bleached double damask $2 00 value for $1.65
72 in. bleached double damask $2.75 value for $2 25

NAPKINS REDUCED.

Napkins to match most of the bleached table linen, and they are reduced. Space forbids telling you of all the prices, but you get an idea from the following:

$1.15 napkins now	89c
1.50 napkins now	$1.25
1.95 napkins now	1.59
2.75 napkins now	2.25
3.50 napkins now	2.98
4.00 napkins now	3.25
5.00 napkins now	4.25
6.00 napkins now	5.00
6.50 napkins now	5.50

F. P. PURSEL.

BLOOMSBURG, - PENN'A.

We Have Ten Styles of

Envelopes and Paper to Match

—FOR—

Invitations, Acceptances, Regrets Announcements, &c.

Full size Wedding with two Envelopes, down to Billet-doux size with Card to Fit.

Twenty-Four Styles of Type

FOR CARDS AND INVITATIONS.

We Do All Kinds of Printing

Columbian Printing House,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Before that cough turns into a serious throat or lung trouble, stop it with

Jayne's Expectorant Cures Coughs and Colds

It has proved its real value during 75 years.
Ask your druggist for it.

GREAT

Clarance Sale This Week

of Seasonable Shoes for Men. Oxford Ties, Low Shoes and Pumps. The greatest money saving sale of Men's Oxfords and Low Shoes that we have ever announced. Right at a time when you want a nice cool and comfortable shoe.

15% Reduction

on Men's Oxfords, Low Shoes and Pumps, this week only. Patent Leather, Russian Calf, Gun Metal and Vici Kid.

The Progressive Shoe Store

CHAS. M. EVANS.

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 20, 1908

Entered at the Post Office, Bloomsburg, Pa. as second class matter, March 1, 1888.

There were one hundred and forty-two stands in the Danville curbstone market last Saturday.

E. J. Flynn, Esq., Centralia's able attorney, was in town on business on Monday.

Lafayette Keeler of Benton, one of our old subscribers, was a visitor in town one day during the past week.

Mrs. Worthington, the efficient librorian of Bloomsburg Public Library, is taking a vacation at Scranton and Delaware Water Gap.

Race riots in Springfield, Illinois, have necessitated the calling out of forty-two hundred of the State Militia.

Ira D. Sankey, the noted hymn writer and singing evangelist, died last Thursday night at his home in Brooklyn.

J. Boyd Rutter, midshipman at the U. S. Naval Academy at Annapolis, is expected home on a furlough the last of the month. He has been on a cruise along the Maine coast.

September 2nd, is a most important day for Democrats. They all want to vote for the next President, and if they are not Registered by the evening of that day they may be unable to cast a ballot for W. J. Bryan.

W. S. Reed received a carload of watermelons last Thursday, and invited all the boys in town to have a feast. When he opened the car about seventy five youngsters were on hand and enjoyed all the slices they could eat.

Mr. Boyd Walker of Des Moines, Iowa, is visiting his uncle, Col. John G. Freeze. He is a son of a sister of the late Mrs. Freeze, and is a Sophomore at Ames University, Iowa, and a member of the Beta Theta Pi fraternity.

Plans have been completed for a magnificent terminal station in Chicago. It is to be the second largest in this country, and will include all that is best in the large terminals of the United States and of European cities. The cost will be twenty millions.

The Republican press is shouting long and loud in an attempt to ridicule Mr. Bryan's query, "Shall the people rule?" They claim that the people do rule Yes, they do in Pennsylvania—whenever the Republican machine has cash enough to make it worth while.

The number of automobile licenses issued by the state this year has reached 22,500. Think what an amount of money that number of automobiles represents. At an average of $1,000 each it would mean $22,500,000, which is probably less than the real amount invested, as many of them cost as high as five and six thousand dollars apiece.

Miss Cora Krickbaum, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Krickbaum of Benton, aged sixteen years, died at the Joseph Ratti Hospital on Monday morning, from an abscess. An operation was performed about two weeks previously, but the disease was so far advanced that its effects could not be stayed. The funeral was held on Wednesday, at her home in Benton.

Albra W. Baker, M. D.,

HOMEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON

DISEASES OF CHILDREN A SPECIALTY

Corner of Third and West Streets,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Hours:—Until 10 a. m. 1 to 3 and 6 to 8 p. m. Both Telephones.

5-7-6m

Mr. and Mrs. Leverett of Philadelphia are visiting their relatives here.

A refreshing rain fell on Sunday night, with light showers on Monday. A steady downpour all night is badly needed for the crops and pastures.

Mr. and Mrs. William H. Slate, formerly of Bloomsburg, and now of Philadelphia, were in town on Tuesday, en route to Williamsport. They have been taking a trip through the eastern part of the state in their touring car.

Larned's moving picture show at the Opera House on Saturday nights continues to draw packed houses. Last Saturday evening there was standing room only most of the time. He gives an entertainment lasting about two hours, for 5 cents

WANTED:—Man of ability, large acquaintance and thorough knowledge of his county as local representative to solicit subscriptions for large morning newspaper. Salary, reference. Address with full particulars, H. C. DeVine, Box 1234, Philadelphia, Pa.

In speaking of the prospects for the election of Bryan the Harrisburg *Star Independent* says: "Never was there greater harmony in the party, and never was there greater determination to elect the candidate and never was there a better opportunity to get support from other parties."

In another column is an article on the dedication of a monument to Humphreys' Division at Fredericksburg, Va. Our townsman, G. W. Keiter, was a member of that division, and it was he who first suggested the idea that has now culminated in the erection of the monument.

Mrs. E. W. Fulton was injured on Wednesday by falling down the cellar steps. Her face was cut in several places by the breaking of her glasses, and she was bruised otherwise. The fall rendered her unconscious, and the services of Dr. Altmiller were required to dress her injuries.

The following letters are held at the Bloomsburg, Pa., post office: Mr. Robert Isgrove, Mrs. O. P. Kase, M. Lempa. Cards: Mr. Harry Andrew, Burns & O'Brien, Miss Permilla Coleman (2), Mrs. Chas. Dodson, Mr. J. H. Holland, J. W. Knouse, C. S. Messersmith, Miss Minnie Yorks.

Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills relieve pain.

Judge J. N. Ermentrout of Berks county, died suddenly of appolexy yesterday afternoon. He has been on the bench for twenty three years. As a jurist he was in the front rank, and as a student of literature and a classical scholar he was eminent. Judge Ermentrout has held court at Bloomsburg.

Rear Admiral Robley D. Evans, "Fighting Bob," retired on Tuesday after a period of forty-eight years of service in the navy. He left the Atlantic Fleet at San Francisco, owing to illness, and has been spending the summer at Mohawk Lake, N. Y. He has reached the retiring age of sixty-two.

A fitting celebration of the official close of his naval activities was arranged by the guests of the hotel at which he is staying, and a loving cup was presented to him.

Concerning the charge that the "Israelites" wore wigs, the Danville *News* says:

"The Israelites while in Danville openly alluded to the charge sometimes made that the long flowing hair that graced their heads was false. To disprove the aspersion the men challenged any person who might have doubts to come forward and examine for himself. The Israelites in Danville were generally accounted sincere."

If the hair is not false, the "Israelites" can very easily disprove the charge.

Northumberland county thieves will steal anything they happen to want. Thieves stole a large quantity of meat one night last week from the farmhouse of John Epler, and then stole a Delaware, Lackawanna & Western hand-car on which to carry the meat to Northumberland, where it was divided and the car abandoned.

The State Forestry Commission has closed the deal for 7,000 acres of land along Shade mountain, Snyder county, buying the same from the Richard Budd estate and from Monroe H. Kulp & Company of Shamokin. C. O. Dunlap, the title examiner of the state, and James Middlesworth, forest warden of Snyder county, represented the state. D. C. Kaseman, of Shamokin, represented Kulp & Co., and Attorney B. Witmer of Sunbury, represented the Budd estate. This represents a very large tract of mountain land that has been under negotiations for a number of years. The state buys the land for the prevention of the destruction of timber.

Recognizing that I am indebted for my nomination to the rank and file of our party, and that my election must come, if it comes at all, from the unpurchased and unpurchasable suffrages of the American people, I promise, if entrusted with the responsibilities of this high office, to consecrate whatever ability I have to the one purpose of making this, in fact, a government in which the people rule—a government which will do justice to all, and offer to every one the highest possible stimulus to great and persistent effort, by assuring to each the enjoyment of his just share of the proceeds of his toil, no matter in what part of the vineyard he labors, or to what occupation, profession or calling he devotes himself.—*William Jennings Bryan.*

TENNIS TOURNAMENT.

A tennis tournament on a larger scale than any which has occurred in this section is to be held at Berwick on Thursday and Friday of next week. Teams from about twelve towns will be present, representing Bloomsburg, Berwick, Danville, Sunbury, Muncy, Hazleton and other places. It promises to be an interesting match, which will attract many tennis enthusiasts.

Picnic at Millville.

The People's Telephone Company will picnic in Glenwood Grove at Millville on Saturday, August 22nd. There will be a musical program rendered in the afternoon by the Millville band, assisted by the Toney family, J. E. Eves and wife, the M. E. choir and Rev. W. H. Hartman and wife. Those not wishing to bring their dinner can be served on the ground at a moderate price.

Worse Than Local Conditions.

A contemporary prints a dispatch from Honolulu, Hawaiian Islands, which states that the severest drought experienced in these islands for a number of years is being felt in the Kulga region of Maui, a region devoted to small farming. No rain has fallen there for nearly a year. Crops have failed and animals are dying for want of water. Many of the people have been obliged to leave the region.

A GOOD EXAMPLE.

Prince Eitel Friedrich, second son of Kaiser Wilhelm, has been applying himself to hard work this summer, including carpentry, gardening, and building. A member of the German royal family is contented to do work which appears to be beneath the dignity of the sons of a good many Bloomsburgers, who spend most of their valuable moments loafing on the curb and displaying their knowledge of baseball and kindred important matters.

May Cut Train Service.

Serious trouble is being experienced on the Catawissa branch of the Philadelphia & Reading Railway, due to lack of water with which to supply the locomotives pulling freight trains. If a rainfall does not soon come the trains on this branch will have to be cut in half until relief does arrive in the shape of good, heavy storms. Recently a train arrived at Brandonville with the tank of the locomotive almost empty. The Brandonville tank had only a few gallons in it. The result was that the train had to be left standing on the siding and the engineer had to run with all speed to Lofty, 10 miles away, to get the water. At the collieries of the company serious conditions are experienced.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

STEEL PLANTS CONSOLIDATE.

It is announced that the Harlan and Hollingsworth Company of Wilmington, Del., and the Bethlehem Steel Company of South Bethlehem have consolidated for the manufacture of steel passenger coaches and all kinds of steel freight cars. The Harlan plant in Wilmington will be rebuilt and enlarged making it the biggest car shops in the country. It is said that from twelve to fifteen thousand men will be employed.

REPUBLICAN CHANGES HANDS.

J. C. Brown has sold the *Columbia County Republican* to O. B. Ammerman of Jamison City, and possession has been delivered. It is said that Mr. Ammerman will move to Bloomsburg about January 1st. He is now engaged in the mercantile business.

Mr. Ammerman is the financial backer, Clyde C. Yetter will do the editorial work, and William Vought of Berwick will look after business management. Mr. Ammerman has stated that the office will remain in its present location, and be conducted as a Republican weekly.

Aged Lady Dead.

Mrs. Mary Shutt, widow of the late Elijah Shutt, passed away on Monday morning, at the home of her daughter, Mrs. A. C. Hower, on Columbia avenue. She was aged 91 years, 1 month and 11 days. Her husband who was well known as one of the court tipstaves for many years, died a couple of years ago.

She had been an invalid for several years, and for the past year or more was confined to her bed. Mrs. Shutt's maiden name was Mary E. Blott, and she was born in Upper Berne township, Berks county, moving to Bloomsburg 57 years ago.

She leaves to survive a daughter, Mrs. A. C Hower, and a son, S. W. Shutt. These are all that remain of eight children.

The funeral was held on Wednesday afternoon, conducted by Rev. E. R. Heckman, and was largely attended.

For headache Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills.

Bloomsburg and Millville Trolley.

At the town council meeting on Monday night the question as to the status of the rights of the Bloomsburg and Millville Railroad Company was raised. It was stated that the ordinance passed August 12, 1905, provided that the road was to be completed in 18 months, and that it was for an electric road and not a gasoline motor road.

If there is anything in the ordinance that needs amending, there ought to be no difficulty in having it done. Assurance has been given that work will be begun and pushed through to a speedy completion, and as the delay which has been caused by the difficulty in getting the road financed has now ended, no straws should be laid in the way of its construction.

Millville wants the trolley, and Bloomsburg wants it, and the people along the line want it. Let everybody give it all the encouragement possible.

Are Your Shears Good?

Every man or woman should have a pair of good shears, which are sharp, keep an edge and cut well. The Winner Louisiana Shears, with a patent tension screw attachment, keep them adjusted, are easy to cut with. *The Philadelphia Press* is giving these shears practically free to new subscribers. The shears are eight inches in length and of the best quality of steel and guaranteed for five years. Write a postal today for the offer. Address Circulation Department, *The Press*, 7th and Chestnut Streets, Philadelphia.

Great Grangers' Picnic Exhibition.

Williams' Grove August 24-29, 1908.

The 35th Annual Great Grangers' Picnic Exhibition will be held on the "Old Camp Grounds," Williams' Grove, August 24–29, 1908. The exhibition of farm machinery, implements, etc., and live stock promises to exceed that of any former year. A splendid program will be presented in the Auditorium. Wednesday, Governor Stewart and other State officials; Thursday, Hon. W. F. Hill, Master Pennsylvania State Grange and other prominent Grangers.

Tuesday and Wednesday evenings, Mr. Frank R. Roberson, in illustrated lectures; Monday and Thursday evenings Treble Cleff Concert Co.

Everything High Grade and Up-to-date.

Free admission to the grounds.

Excursion on all railroads. Consult your Station Agent.

GET TO WORK.

The rank and file of the Democratic Party in this state care mighty little whether James Kerr or Colonel Guffey is the recognized head of the organization. What they want is harmony among the leaders. The one thing in view should be to get the party united and organized, so that a full vote may be polled in November.

Let the battle be all for the purpose of electing William J. Bryan, for President, and let no more time be wasted in factional strife. The interests of the party must not be sacrificed through the quarrels of a few individuals who are seeking for personal gain or for self aggrandizement. The Democratic Party will not stand for this. Kerr and Guffey and Donnelly and the rest ought to get together, and quit the monkey business.

The State Banks.

What the Last Report Showed—Loans $279-000,000 and Deposits $336,000,00.

The abstract of the condition of the national banks of Pennsylvania, exclusive of Philadelphia and Pittsburg, at the close of business on July 15th, as reported to the comptroller of the currency, shows the average reserve held at 17.20 per cent. against 17.49 per cent. on May 14th. Loans and discounts decreased from $289,391,551 to $279,017,457; gold coin increased from $9,407,183 to $9,409,199; lawful money reserve decreased from $27,354,014 to $26,464,031, individual deposits increased from $335-584,388 to $336,574,762.

Clam Bake.

The Elks are holding a clam bake at Forks today. A special train was run, and the Citizens Band furnished the music.

MAN-A-LIN

Copyright 1906, by The Manalin Co.

Excellent Remedy for

CONSTIPATION

And the Many Ailments Resulting Therefrom. Useful in Overcoming

Colds and Headaches

Requiring a

LAXATIVE

To Dispel Them. It Has a Gentle Action on the KIDNEYS, LIVER and BOWELS.

Those who prefer can obtain Man-a-lin in tablet form.

THE MAN-A-LIN CO.,

COLUMBUS, OHIO, U. S. A.

¼ OFF YOUR BILL

That's what THE CLARK STORE offers you now on their Entire Stock of

All Wool Dress Goods, Embroideries and Laces, and Counterpanes.

You reap the benefit in this big sale of these dependable and reliable goods by saving 25 per cent. Just so much interest on your money, and the goods are what you need. Don't delay if you wish to share in this saving. Act now while the offer is on.

$6.75 SILK PETTICOATS $4.69.

All Wool Tailored Suits ½ Price.

THE CLARK STORE

Pennsylvania Railroad

SPECIAL TRAIN

RETURNING AFTER

PARADE DAY

P. O. S. OF A.

HAZLETON, PA.,

THURSDAY, AUGUST 27, 1908.

Leave Hazleton 9:50 p. m., for Sunbury via Nescopeck, arriving Sunbury 12:20 a. m. Stopping at intermediate stations to discharge passengers.

EXCURSION TICKETS

to Hazleton will be sold August 22 to 27, good to return until August 29, inclusive, at

REDUCED RATES.

J. R. WOOD, Passenger Traffic Manager.

GEO. W. BOYD, General Prssenger Agent.

A Novel Proposition.

A candidate for Mayor of Montclair, N. J., comes forward with a novel proposition on the liquor question, and it is not a bad one either, though its constitutionality may be disputed. He advocates licensing drinkers as well as saloons. His plan is that no man be sold a drink in a saloon unless he wear a tag, which shows he is duly licensed.

"If a man abuses his license privilege, punish him as you would the saloonkeeper who breaks the law," says he.

Just what is meant by an "abuse of his license privilege" is not stated.

No More Scalp Bounties.

The County Commissioners have notified all the Justices of the Peace that until further notice they will not pay any bounties for scalps of wild animals. This is made necessary by the fact that the state appropriation for this purpose has been exhausted.

WILLIAMS GROVE PICNIC.

Reduced Rates via Pennsylvania Railroad.

For the Grangers' Picnic at Williams Grove, Pa., August 24 to 29, the Pennsylvania Railroad will sell excursion tickets to Williams Grove from stations in Pennsylvania and from Baltimore, Elmira, Frederick and intermediate stations on the Northern Central Railway, August 18 to 28, inclusive, good to return until September 1, inclusive, at reduced rates. 8-13-2t

TRICK THWARTED A MOB

Negro Who Escaped Burning Gasolene Taken to a Safe Place.

VICTIM TELLS STORY

Narrow Escape from a Lynching at Huntington, L. I.—Mrs. Louisa Gervasini is Too Ill After Terrible Encounter To Be Removed to Her Home—Accused Spirited Away.

Huntington, L. I., Aug. 19.—George Washington, the negro who was rescued by members of Troop C, of Brooklyn, from an angry crowd planning to burn him alive by flooding the small jail with gasolene, waived examination on the charge of having attacked Mrs. Louisa Gervasini, employed at the Chateau des Beaux-Arts, and was spirited away to the county jail at Riverhead, there to await action by the Grand Jury.

His victim is in a critical condition and the attending physician has forbidden her removal to her home, a mile distant.

Washington, who is married, and who served a sentence of two years for an attack on Miss Allen six years ago, and who less than a year ago was fined $25 for similar brutality toward a negro woman, owes his escape from death more to the presence of another prisoner, James Fitzgerald, than to the militia.

Twenty-five gallons of gasolene had been carried to the jail, and the storming party intended to burn the negro after they got him from his cell. When they battered through the outer door and were stopped at the second they determined to flood the small building and apply the match. This plan was abandoned, however, when they were told there was another prisoner in the place. Then they renewed the attack on the second door, when they were put to flight by the appearance of the troops.

Mrs. Gervasini was attacked about 4 o'clock p. m., as she was on her way home with her little daughter Marguerite. Half a mile from the Chateau she came upon two negroes, one of whom took no part in the fight.

"I was afraid," she said, "when I saw the bigger of the men come toward me. When he grabbed me I cried out for help, but he got me by the throat and threw me to the ground. I fought him off and got to my feet, when he grabbed me again, this time by the hair and throat, and again got me down.

"I begged and pleaded with him to go away and leave me, but he jumped on me and tore me about the face and throat. All this time I was praying for help. I got to my feet and then I saw my little girl and my bag containing one hundred dollars in money were gone.

"All this time we were getting nearer to the Chateau, and when I got to Bustanoby's land I told him, 'Now you'll get yours,' and threw the two dollar bill I had at him. He grabbed it and made off. The next thing I knew friends came and took me to the Chateau. They had come looking for me when my little baby had reached the place. Soon after they brought the negro to me to identify him. I was sorry I was not in my room at home. I have a revolver there and there would have been no chance for my friends to have tried to lynch him later.

Washington was captured by men from the Chateau, who, after finding his victim, had started out in an automobile.

At dinner time, when the employes of the Chateau were sure to be occupied, the Constable drove with the negro in a closed carriage to the railroad station. They took a roundabout route and arrived just as the train for Riverhead pulled in. White turned the rig over to one of his men who was waiting for him, and jumped aboard the train with his man. They were well on their way to the county seat, before any one in the town knew what was going on.

CAMPAIGN HALTS RATE CONFERENCE.

Railroads Have Postponed Action Until After Election.

Paul Smith's N. Y., Aug. 19.—That the railroads have decided to postpone their aggressive campaign for a readjustment of freight rates until after the Presidential election was asserted by William C. Brown, senior vice president of the New York Central lines and chief spokesman for the railroads in the rate matter.

Coal Receivership.

Scranton, Pa., Aug. 18.—The Pennsylvania Coal and Coke Company, one of the largest mining concerns in the bituminous fields of Western Pennsylvania, went into the hands of a receiver. The intrinsic value of properties is given as over $26,000,000.

Prof. Upson a Suicide.

Minnesota, Minn., Aug. 20.—Arthur W. Upson, former professor at the University of Minnesota and a poet of some note, drowned himself and his body was found in the river at Bemidji, Minn.

WHEN DOCTOR DIES WOMEN ARE SEIZED.

Two Prisoners, One a Spiritualist, Found Praying Over Body of L. Emerson Wheat.

Philadelphia, Aug. 18.—L. Emerson Wheat, a physician 45 years old, was found dead in his home at Nineteenth and Diamond streets, in one of the most fashionable residence sections of the city, under most startling circumstances. Beside the body, which lay upon a couch, two women were found praying for Wheat's resurrection and muttering strange incantations, though physicians say the condition of the corpse indicated the man had been dead at least forty-eight hours. Mrs. Fannie Soult, a professional Spiritualist, and Miss Florence Beckman were the women. Both were arrested.

Dr. Wheat, who was well known in the northern section of the city, had been living alone in his home during the absence of his family in the country for the summer. He last was seen alive on Saturday, when he called at a drug store in the neighborhood. In consequence of his having failed to make certain visits, the police were asked to investigate. They forced the door of the house and found the physician's body half clothed, lying on a couch in his office. Lying prostrate on the floor, they say, they found Mrs. Soult and Miss Beckman.

The police took the women to the station, where Mrs. Soult made a statement in which she said she had known Dr. Wheat for seven years, and that since last April she had been treating him by giving him what is known as the magnetic treatment.

On Sunday last, she said, the physician came to her house and asked her to go with him to his home, as he felt as if something was going to happen. When she went to his office Dr. Wheat was seriously ill. He could not say what he wanted. She worked over him until morning, when she got a message from her spiritual controller, Dr. Miller. At the time the police came in she was waiting for Miller to instruct her what she should do next in the case.

Miss Beckman, she said, was simply a friend who had gone to the house with her. Mrs. Soult, according to the police, has advertised as a fortune teller and medium and is well known as a spiritualist. Dr. Miller, whom she refers to as her spiritual controller, died two years ago.

FOUR DROWN IN LEAP OFF BURNING LAUNCH.

Father and Mother Die Before the Eyes of Their Children.

Newark, N. J., Aug. 18.—To escape a sheet of flame which enveloped the launch in which they were returning from a pleasure trip, four persons jumped into the Passaic River at the foot of Congress Street and were drowned. Others of the party unable to help, stood on the pier to which they had scrambled or had been lifted, and watched those struggling in the water until the tide closed over their heads. Of those on the pier were two young girls and a boy who saw their parents die.

Those drowned were:

Mr. and Mrs. Carl Pankops, of Belleville, N. J.

Miss Catherine Ward, 19 years old, Waterbury, Conn.

Haldon D. Davey, 20 years old, of Belleville, N. J.

HARVESTERS RIOTOUS.

Stores Looted and Women Insulted —One Man Hanged.

Winnipeg, Man., Aug. 20.—About 15,000 harvesters have arrived here from Eastern Canada in the last three days, and special trains have been turned into expeditions of loot. Harvesters on the rst two or three trains have pillaged stores in small towns, terrorizing the occupants with revolvers and bowie knives. Every woman coming in the way of these rowdies was insulted and at one place a woman emptied a gun at the harvesters, wounding several. Every gang of section men which passed in daylight was shot at, and bottles and other missives were thrown. A cow was tied to a rear car and dragged to death. At a wayside station a man was hanged and narrowly escaped death, his companions letting him down after his feet were dangling in air.

SHOT SON AND FATHER.

Bloodthirsty Italian Then Kills Himself to Escape Mob.

Westchester, Pa., Aug. 18.—Benjamin de Gildo, of Philadelphia, shot and killed Benjamin de Felix, fatally wounded Pasquale de Felix, father of the murdered man here and then, to escape capture at the hands of an infuriated mob, committed suicide by shooting himself.

The shooting is said to be the outgrowth of a feud that has existed between the Italians for a long time.

Polish Actress Killed Over Precipice.

Innsbruck, Austria, Aug. 20.—As Leontine Roman, a Polish actress, and Posselt, the violinist were ascending the Gerlos peak they fell over a precipice. The actress was killed. Posselt was seriously injured.

J. S. SHERMAN IS NOTIFIED

Republican Nominee For Vice-Pres. Says Real Issue is Roosevelt.

SAYS PEOPLE DO RULE

Declares Paramount Issue is Whether Roosevelt Administration Shall Be Approved, or People Will Trust Government to "Experimental Malcontent."

Utica, N. Y., Aug. 25.—Declaring that while a protectionist he favored an early revision of the tariff and that he approved most heartily the acts of the Roosevelt administration, James S. Sherman accepted the Republican nomination for vice-president, thus ending the last formal ceremony attending the official launching of the Republican national ticket of 1908.

In accepting the nomination Mr. Sherman subscribed heartily to the declaration of principle adopted at the Chicago convention in June, to the every utterance of Secretary Taft in his Cincinnati speech, and to the policies of President Roosevelt. Mr. Sherman asserted that the approval of the Roosevelt Administration was the real issue of the campaign. The Bryan question: "Shall the people rule?" was no issue at all. "Surely the people shall rule," he said; surely they have ruled; surely they do rule. Shame on the candidate who insults the American people by suggestion or declaration that a majority of its electorate is venal."

Mr. Sherman's speech was brief and he did not attempt to discuss in detail any of the questions touched upon by Secretary Taft, saying he could not hope to persuade any one not convinced by the Presidential candidate's presentation of the platforms and the issues. He did enter into a brief discussion of the tariff and his declaration, "I am a protectionist," brought a quick response from his hearers.

Mr. Sherman praised the record of the Republican party and in contrasting it with the Democratic organization referred to the latter as an aggregation of experimental malcontents and theorists whose only claim to a history is a party name they pilfered."

Senator Julius Burrows of Michigan, Chairman of the Notification Committee, whose members gathered here from the various States of the Union, made tender of the nomination. In his speech he, too, resented what he declared was a thinly veiled accusation by Mr. Bryan that a Republican administration did not represent the rule of the people. Secretary of State Root, speaking as a neighbor and lifelong friend of the candidate, paid a glowing tribute to Mr. Sherman, politics having no place in his brief but eloquent address. President M. W. Stryker of Hamilton College, from which Mr. Sherman was graduated, also paid a personal tribute to the candidate, and there were addresses of welcome to the visiting committeemen and sightseers from Mayor Thomas Wheeler and Chairman Charles S. Symonds, of the local Republican Committee.

At the close of the ceremonies a magnificent gold-lined loving cup, a gift from his colleagues in the national House of Representatives, was presented to Mr. Sherman. The cup stands nearly eighteen inches high and is mounted on a base of ebony. The inscription read: "Presented to James S. Sherman, M. C., by his associates, August 18, 1908."

CHAFIN ACCEPTS THE NOMINATION.

Says Sentence of Death Has been Pronounced on Liquor Traffic.

Chicago, Ill., Aug. 20.—At Music Hall in the presence of a large and enthusiastic audience, Eugene W. Chafin of Chicago, accepted the nomination for the Presidency of the Prohibition Party. The address formally notifying Mr. Chafin was made by Professor Charles Scanlon of Pittsburg on behalf of the Committee on Notification appointed at the National Convention in Columbus, Ohio, July 16.

Prolonged applaused greeted Mr. Chafin as he accepted the honor. Mr. Chafin said in part:

"The attempt made by the Republican and Democratic Parties to create a fictitious issue is the most farcical in our history, in face of the fact that during the past four years the question of prohibition of the liquor traffic has attracted wider attention of the press and the people than all other public issues combined. The calm thought and common sense of the moral citizenship have pronounced sentence of death upon the liquor traffic, and the only thing that stays its execution is the protecting care of these two old political parties, kept alive by blind political party prejudice."

Warrants for 250 Negroes.

Cincinnati, Ohio, Aug. 18.—As the result of a riot started by several hundred negroes in Greenwood, a colored settlement of the village of Lakeland, warrants were issued for the arrest of 250 negroes.

WORLD NEWS OF THE WEEK.

Covering Minor Happenings from all Over the Globe.

DOMESTIC.

It was said in Boston that the militia might be called out to cope with the unprecedented wave of crime in the eastern part of Massachusetts.

Henry Farman who left for England on the New York, said he expected to return to New York in the fall with a new aeroplane.

Dr. Peter Polis, a German scientist, arrived in New York with plans for establishing a system of forecasting weather at sea.

Frank B. Greer won the championship single sculls at the National Amateur Regatta at Springfield, Mass.

The War Department officials prepared for a test of the Wright Brothers' aeroplane, the next device to be tried out at Fort Myer.

Two masked men held up and robbed a trans-continental express train on the Northern Pacific line near Spokane, Wash.

Charles S. Mellen, president of the New York and New Haven Railroad, told the Public Service Commission that his company is anxious to build a subway into the heart of New York city.

The owner of the schooner Menaway said President Roosevelt promised to pay for the damage resulting from the collision between the May-Lower and the lumberman.

It became known that Mrs. E. B. Strong, of Babylon, L. I., long deemed childless by acquaintances, has been for twenty years the mother of a daughter whom she drove from her at the child's birth.

Magistrate Higginbotham, of Brooklyn, accused by Miss Robinson of attempting to hug and kiss her during a conference in his private room, denounced the woman defendant in court and knocked down Howard Dinwiddie.

Test of the Davis torpedo seemed to show that the new type would not be turned aside by a net, but would pierce the hull of a battleship and explode its charge within the ship.

Dr. Vogel, Surgeon in the Marine Hospital Service, said before leaving San Juan for New York that Venezuelans were suppressing news of the plague, and that no organized effort was being made to stamp out tthe disease.

FOREIGN.

The new government programme in Turkey declares that all the laws not compatible with the new regime will be amended, and army, navy and all government departments will be reorganized.

A decisive victory of Sultan Abd-el-Aziz of Morocco over the troops of the usurper, Mulai Hafig, was announced by a wireless dispatch to Tangier.

The Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Engineers in Toronto applied to the Canadian government for an arbitration board to decide the Canadian Pacific strike question.

At Rio Janeiro, Brazil, President Penna opened a national exhibition of industry and liberal arts. Thirty thousand visitors attended the ceremonies.

At San Juan, the four hundredth anniversary of the conquest of the island of Porto Rico by Ponce de Leon is being celebrated. Various relics of and documents referring to the explorer were transferred from the Church of San Jose to the Cathedral.

Six men were killed and eighteen maimed and injured in a terrific gun explosion on the French school ship Couronne, caused by the decomposition of "B" powder.

Sir Charles Hardinge, Permanent Under Secretary to the British Foreign Office, and Baron von Aehrenthal, the Austrian Foreign Minister, met at Ischl and agreed that Turkey must not be hampered in the attempt to carry out reforms.

POLITICAL.

Richard Croker will come to New York from his home in Ireland in September to aid in the effort to elect his friend William J. Bryan.

William Yancey Carter was nominated for Governor of Georgia by the Independence Party. Mr. Carter is a farmer.

Before he goes to Cincinnati, Mr. Taft will spend a week as the guest of the Middle Bass Club, which owns an island in Lake Erie, near Put-in Bay.

Attorney-General Jackson of New York, notified the leaders of the Independent party that he would not support its ticket, but would remain a Democrat.

Judge Taft notified Chairman Hitchcock that he must obey orders and that Arthur I. Vorys, of Ohio, will be the candidate's personal representative in the campaign.

September 14 and Saratoga were selected as the time and place for the New York Republican State Convention.

Senator Elkins appealed to Mr. Taft to help save West Virginia from being won for disfranchisement of the blacks.

MOB PUTS CITY IN TERROR

Would-Be Illinois Lynchers Enraged When Ruse Saves Rapist.

GATLING GUN IS USED

Springfield in Hands of Rioters Hunting Negroes from Town—Take Revenge When Cheated of Chance to Get Possession of the Prisoner—Two Men Shot Dead.

Springfield, Ill., Aug. 18.—All the detachments of militia here, including Troop D, First Cavalry; Company C, Fifth Infantry, and the gatling gun section of the Fifth Infantry with the fire department and the police were unable to quell a mob that rushed about the city threatening an attack upon the county jail, hurling bricks at the militia and police and shouting for a lynching.

Just before midnight there was a battle in Washington street between Sixth and Eighth streets, where there is a row of negro resorts. Hundreds of shots were fired. It is said negroes fired upon the mob from second story windows.

The dead are G. J. Scott and Louis Johnson. Among the seriously injured are Albert Byerline, shot through left hip; George Stusse, shot through arm; Harry O. Parring, member of Gatling gun section, shot in the head; Angelo Aliganania, shot through arm; George Winter, shot in hip; Robert Dahlkamp, colored, beaten by mob, condition critical.

Stores conducted by negroes were wrecked, guns were stolen from windows and plate glass windows smashed.

The rioting was precipitated by a criminal assault by a negro who crept into the home of Mrs. Earl Hallam, dragged her from her bed into her garuen, where he assaulted her and left her unconscious. Her husband, a street railway conductor, was away from home at the time.

Next day a negro named George Richardson was arrested and taken to the home of Mrs. Hallam. She said she believed he was her assailant. Officers thought he was not the man as he told a pretty straight story.

In a cell next to Richardson's was Joe James, a negro, who a few weeks ago entered the home of Clergy A. Ballard and attempted to assault his eighteen-year-old daughter, and in a fight with the girl's father stabbed him to death. A mob assembled at the jail, crying for the blood of both prisoners.

The crowd became so menacing that Richardson was taken first to the county jail under a heavily armed guard, and later under cover of a spectacular run of the fire department he was hurried into an automobile and with the negro charged with a similar crime was placed in a northbound Chicago and Alton train. The destination was kept a secret.

The Governor by telegraph ordered out two companies of militia and one troop of cavalry from Peoria, a troop of cavalry from Bloomington and also one from Pekin.

Negroes in various parts of the town have been attacked by the mob, and in two instances the negroes have turned with considerable effect upon their assailants. In one mix-up a trooper attempted to separate the combatants and was nearly overwhelmed by the members of the mob in pursuit of several negroes. A call for help brought several other cavalrymen to the scene, but they were all disarmed and their guns carried away by the rioters.

The fire companies were helpless to fight the blaze in the negro quarters, the mob refusing to allow the apparatus to approach the burning houses and having moreover cut the hose.

Three members of the Gatling gun squad were injured and the rioters took several guns from the soldiers. These captured guns were used to finish wrecking a negro restaurant.

RIOT DEATH LIST SIX.

One More Victim of the Mob's Fury At Springfield.

Springfield, Ill., Aug. 19.—One more victim was added to the death list of Springfield mobs, when G. W. Scott succumbed to a gunshot wound in the lungs, sustained Friday night. Scott's death brings the total fatalities to six, and is the fourth chargeable to the disorder in the "Black Belt," near 12th and Madison streets. It was there that the hunted negroes made their stand, firing on the mob from windows and roofs.

Steamer's Boiler Explodes.

Traverse City, Mich., Aug. 19.—Mrs. Isabel La Bonte of this city was killed and a score of passengers were injured by the explosion of the boiler of the passenger steamer Leelanau, bound from Leland to Fouch, on Carp Lake, in the Northern Michigan resort district.

Negroes Desert Town.

Duncan, Okla., Aug. 19.—One hundred negroes were residents of Duncan last week, now there are none. All heeded the warning from the whites, ordering them to leave before sun-up on pain of losing their lives.

CAPTAIN HAINS KILLS HIS WIFE'S FRIEND.

Mrs. Annis Shouts Warning to Husband Sailing His Yacht Into Death Trap.

Long Island City, L. I., Aug. 18.—Capt. Peter Conover Hains, Jr., of the Forty-eighth Regiment, United States Coast Artillery, accompanied by his brother, T. Jenkins Hains, the writer, went to the Bay Side Yacht Club on Little Neck Bay and waited an hour until William E. Annis, a member of the club, came in with his racing sloop. Then T. Jenkins Hains held the crowd back with a revolver while Capt. Hains fired nine shots from a magazine pistol into the body of Mr. Annis. Mrs. Annis who was present, tried in vain to warn her husband.

The slayer used a magazine revolver of forty-five calibre, containing fifteen shots, built to fire continuously from the moment the trigger was touched until another finger movement locked the hammer. So rapid was the fire that the nine shots to unaccustomed ears sounded almost like one.

Hains shot Annis from a military kneeling position, with his weapon thrust under the bowed arm of Lewis Harway, whom the victim used as a shield. Harway attempted to shelter Annis from the rain of shots, but the captain's army training had given him quickness in handling firearms that enabled him to circumvent both men.

Capt. Hains, calm and self-possessed, told Capt. Ruthenberg of the Flushing police, after giving himself up, that he had committed the murder because Annis had broken up his home.

After driving his wife from home he said, he learned that the liaison continued, and it preyed upon his mind until he determined to put Annis out of the way. Annis was until the discovery of the intrigue a warm friend of Capt. Hains.

Capt. Hains is thirty-six years old. His wife who was Claudia Libby, was a high school girl of 16, at Winthrop, Mass., when he married her. They have three children.

Annis, who was thirty-eight years old, had been living for the last two months at his handsome villa at Murray Hill, near Bayside, with his wife, a charming woman, and their two sons—William, aged seven, and Howard, aged five.

Thornton Hains killed a man at Fortress Monroe in 1891, who was, according to testimony in his trial as helpless to defend himself as the man his brother shot. Thornton's victim, for the killing of whom he was acquitted on a self-defense plea, had both hands on oars, pulling away from a squall. Peter's victim was in a bathing suit, and consequently weaponless.

The brothers were lodged in the Long Island City jail, where they will remain until their trial.

No Rain for Year in Hawaiian Island

Honolulu, Hawaii, Aug. 19.—The severest drought experienced in these islands for a number of years is being felt in the Nula region of Maui. This is a region devoted to small farming. There has been no rain there for nearly a year. Crops have failed and animals are dying for want of water. Many of the inhabitants have been obliged to leave the region.

Kills Deaf Mute With Auto.

Cincinnati, Ohio, Aug. 18.—Ignatz Wandrack, Ohio, a deaf mute, of this city, was run down and killed by John J. Ryan, the turf plunger, in his racing automobile.

BASE BALL.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Pittsburg	64	39	.622	Cincinnati	52	53	.495
New York	62	42	.59	Boston	46	58	.442
Chicago	59	45	.567	Brooklyn	38	61	.384
Philadelphia	51	44	.551	St. Louis	31	67	.357

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Detroit	63	39	.618	Philadelphia	48	53	.475
St. Louis	61	43	.587	Boston	49	55	.471
Cleveland	59	45	.567	Washington	41	61	.402
Chicago	58	47	.552	New York	33	69	.324

NEW YORK MARKETS.

Wholesale Prices of Farm Products Quoted for the Week.

WHEAT—No. 2, Red, $1.00½@$1.02. No. 1, Northern Duluth, $1.26¼.

CORN—No. 2, 88½@89.

OATS—Mixed, white, 55@59.

BUTTER—Western firsts, 21@22. State Dairy, 19½@20.

CHEESE—State full cream, 12¼@13¾.

MILK—Per quart, 3c.

EGGS—State and nearby fancy, 26@27c.; do., good to choice, 22@25c.; do., good to choice, 22@25c; western firsts 20@21½c.

SHEEP—Per 100 lbs., $2.75@$4.50.

BEEVES—City Dressed, 8@10½c.

CALVES—City Dressed—8@12½c.

HOGS—Live per 100 lbs., $6.00@$7.00.

HAY—Prime per 100 lbs., 87½@90c.

STRAW—Long rye, per 100 lbs., 65@75c.

LIVE POULTRY—Spring Chickens per lb., 15c.; Turkeys per lb., 11c.; Ducks per lb., 11@12c.; Fowls, per lb., 14c.

DRESSED POULTRY—Turkeys per lb., 12@17c.; Fowls per lb., 12@13½c.; Chickens, Phila., per lb., 20@24c.

VEGETABLES—Potatoes, Jersey, per sack $2.25@$2.50.

ONIONS—Yellow, per basket, 75@$1.00.

ON THE BRIDAL DAY

HERE ARE SOME GERMAN THEORIES ABOUT BAD LUCK.

Trying on the Wedding Ring Before the Ceremony, Tearing the Wedding Dress, and Many Other Things Bring Dire Misfortune.

Germany seems to be especially prolific of bridal superstitions. A German writer has just offered these comments on the bridal day, by which it may be seen that bad luck rather than good luck has the point of emphasis.

According to the Germans the bride must be especially careful on her wedding day not to put the left foot out of bed first—for that would mean perpetual strife.

It is most necessary to see that thirteen persons do not sit down to breakfast together that day. Many misfortunes will befall that bride who tries the wedding ring on the proper finger before the wedding; this is considered an anticipation of fate, and fate is not to be so caught. It is even possible that in such cases the wedding may fall at the last moment. In fact some brides think it a bad sign if the bridegroom even show them the ring before the wedding.

When the bride puts on the wedding dress she must be very careful not to rip or tear it—not even a bit of lace, nor should she pick up anything on it—for this, too, is a bad sign. If, however, anything be torn it should not be sewn—for each stitch brings tears and misfortunes. In English society bits of court plaster are used for such emergencies.

The bride should admire her dress before the wedding day, for if it is completed and she look in the mirror on her wedding day each glance means misfortune.

It is an awful sign for the bride to look back over her shoulder, for this is a sign that she looks back to the past with a heavy heart, and does not look to the future with joy. If she should see herself in the mirror when thus looking back, all luck is gone from this wedding.

This refers of course, to an accidental look backward. If the bride is in her carriage and any one calls to her, she must on no condition look backward. Before her wedding no bride who hopes for good luck should weep—crying is permitted only after the ceremony. A mother who embraces her daughter and, weeping, makes her weep, calls down misfortune upon her child.

Friends who send telegrams to a bride should so time them that they arrive ony after the ceremony, for misfortune comes with premature congratulations. Hundreds of telegrams afterward can do no harm—but a single one too soon is bad luck.

Under no circumstances should the bridal bouquet be forgotten, for this is of evil omen. It is a bad sign too if the bridegroom is late. If the bride drops her bouquets its is well to aandon the wedding if luck is considered.

It is remarkable how far bridal superstition goes. It extends even to the wedding presents. Some think it ill luck to receive any presents that cut, and yet many send fish knives, fruit and dinner knives. Few consider how many tears these well meant presents cause the bride, who especially at this time s hrinks fro mthe last portent of evil.

HOME COOKING.

Cheese Omelet.

Three eggs, 3 desertspoons of flour, 1 ounce of grated cheese, pepper, salt and 1-2 ounce of butter. Beat the eggs, flour and seasoning together until smooth; add the cheese, melt the butter pour in the omelet, stir until it begins to set, then fold it towards the handle of the pan and turn on to a hot dish; sprinkle the top with grated cheese.

Graham Bread.

One cup water, 1 cup milk, 1 cup molasses, 1 teaspoon soda, pinch of salt, 3 cups of graham flour. Place dish in water, set in oven, steam 3 hours, last half-hour remove your bread in dish to bottom of oven.

Orange Fritters.

Divide the oranges into quarters, removing all the pith carefully; dip each piece into sifted sugar, then into good frying batter and fry in deep fat until a golden color. Drain by the fire and serve on a doily.

Mock Indian Pudding.

Two slices bread buttered put in dish, just cover with boiling water, soak a few minutes until soft; add 1 egg (beaten), 1 quart milk, 3-4 cup molasses and bake 1 hour. Easy to make; nice hot or cold, with or without cream.

Onion Rings.

Peel and slice, not too thin, several large Spanish onions. Dip each ring first into sweet milk and then into flour. Drop into a deep pan of boiling oil or butter and fry until nicely browned.

Chees Pudding.

Cover bottom of pudding pan with piecrust dough rolled thin, scatter lumps of butter and cheese to make thin layer, season with salt and pepper, another layer of dough, cheese, butter, seasoning, then another; beat yolk of egg in cup of milk and pour over, bake thirty minutes. Delicious but rich.

The Knock-out Blow.

The blow which knocked out Corbett was a revelation to the prize fighters. From the earliest days of the ring the knock-out blow was aimed for the jaw, the temple or the jugular vein. Stomach punches were thrown in to worry and weary the fighter, but if a scientific man had told one of the old fighters that the most vulnerable spot was the region of the stomach, he'd have laughed at him for an ignoramus. Dr. Pierce is bringing home to the public a parallel fact; that the stomach is the most vulnerable organ out of the prize ring as well as in it. We protect our hearts, throats, feet and lungs, but the stomach we are utterly indifferent to, until disease finds the solar plexus and knocks us out. Make your stomach sound and strong by the use of Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, and you protect yourself in your most vulnerable spot. "Golden Medical Discovery" cures "weak stomach," indigestion, or dyspepsia, torpid liver, bad, thin and impure blood and other diseases of the organs of digestion and nutrition.

The "Golden Medical Discovery" has a specific curative effect upon all mucous surfaces and hence cures catarrh, no matter where located or what stage it may have reached. In Nasal Catarrh it is well to cleanse the passages with Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy fluid while using the "Discovery" as a constitutional remedy. *Why* the "Golden Medical Discovery" cures catarrhal diseases, as of the stomach, bowels, bladder and other pelvic organs will be plain to you if you will read a booklet of extracts from the writings of eminent medical authorities, endorsing its ingredients and explaining their curative properties. It is mailed *free* on request. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y. This booklet gives all the ingredients entering into Dr. Pierce's medicines from which it will be seen that they contain not a drop of alcohol, pure, triple-refined glycerine being used instead.

Dr. Pierce's great thousand-page illustrated Common Sense Medical Adviser will be sent free, paper-bound, for 21 one-cent stamps, or cloth-bound for 31 stamps. Address Dr. Pierce as above.

MANY FOOLISH LAWSUITS

Litigation Over a Watermelon, a Spotted Calf and a Toy Balloon.

Many men, level-headed enough about other things seem to lose their wits entirely when they get tangled up in a lawsuit. In a case recently concluded in the German courts a Berlin business man paid out over $900 to recover the value of a 5-cent postage stamp. It seems as if this claimant had justice on his side, too; he had written a polite letter, asking for an address and enclosing postage for reply. Failing to get an answer, he sued for the stamp.

The famous Misouri watermelon case was just as trifling and even more disastrous. The seed was planted on one farm, but the vine crept through a crack in the rail fence and the melon grew on the other side. Both farmers claimed it and instead of seeing the joke they went to law. The farmers bankrupted themselves without deciding the question of ownership. The melon, worth about 10 cents in the first place, had disappeared long before.

The Iowa case which concerned the identity of a red and white heifer calf was equally disastrous. It is said that subpoenas were issued for more than 200 witnesses, who attended court after court, and received their fees and mileage. After they had spent all their money in litigation, the rival owners met one day and tossed a coin to settle the case.

One of the celebrated French cases was over a 2-cent toy balloon, and the litigants were Baron De Short and the Paris Metropolitan Railway. The balloon belonged to the Baron's little girl, and the railway employes on account of some rule they felt obliged to enforce would not permit it to be brought into the passenger car. The baron stormed and threatened but the guard was obdurate, and the toy was left behind, while the child wept. The next day the nobleman sued the company for the 2 cents.

Some of the smartest lawyers in Paris were engaged in the case. It was proved that it was likely to explode at any time, and the wise court held that even if its explosion could not possibly be attended by danger, it might create a panic among the passengers and the decision was against the baron. He spent hundreds of dollars trying to get even with the company, and the more he lost the less satisfaction he obtained.

The most expensive lawsuit in the world is said to have been that over the will of Antonio Traversa, a merchant who lived in Milan. He left a fortune of $3,000,000, and there were a large number of heirs with conflicting interests. The case was in the different courts of Italy for years, and the 105 lawyers engaged in it ran up costs aggregating more than $2,000,000. The estate lost in value too, during the contest, so that the winning heirs found themselves with a small sum to their share when the final decision was rendered.

Takes Place of Thousand Hands.

A machine which threads a thousand needles a minute is at work in a Swiss factory. The purpose of the machine is to thread needles that are placed afterward in a loom for making lace. The device is almost entirely automatic. It takes the needle, carries it along, threads it, ties the knot, cuts the thread off a uniform length, then carries the needle across an open space, and places it in a rack.

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For Infants and Children.
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MUCH of the work that is done in this office is of kinds that can be done by hand only. Nine-tenths of all job printing done in any country office must be done by hand. It can't be done with a machine.

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BOOK PAPERS, COVER PAPERS, &c.

And Everything in the Printing Line

If you have been a customer of ours, you know the character of our work. If not, we shall be glad to fill a trial order. Among other things in our line are

Dodgers, Posters, Sale Bills, Pamphlets, Books, Receipts, Orders, Check Books, Ruled Work, Halftones, Line Cuts, Engraved Work, Stock Certificates, Bonds, &c., &c.

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Bloomsburg, Pa,

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THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 20, 1908.

DEDICATION OF MONUMENT

AT FREDERICKSBURG, VA.
Humphreys' Division,

Wednesday. November the 11th, 1908.

This monument which is to be unveiled on the 11th day of November next, is being erected by Pennsylvania, under the Act of May 11th, 1905, in commemoration of the charge of Humphreys' Division on Maryes' Heights, Fredericksburg, Va., on the 13th day of December, 1862. The Division all Pennsylvania Regiments, consisted of the 123, 126, 129, 131, 133, 134 and the 91st and the 155th.

The Commission, known as the Fredericksburg Battlefield Memorial Commission, consists of: D Watson Rowe, President, Chambersburg, late Lieut. Col. 126 Regt. James M. Clark, Sec'y and Treasurer, New Castle, late Captain G Co., 134 Regt.; Wm. Witherow, Pittsburg, late of E Co., 123 Regt.; Clay W. Evans, St. Clair, late of B Co., 129 Regt.; J. Hunter Miles, Milton, late of B Co., 131 Regt.; Geo. F. Baer, Reading, Philadelphia, late Captain E Co., 133 Regt.

Every honorably discharged survivor of the Eight Regiments constituting Humphreys' Division, in whatever State he may live, in accordance with the provisions of the dedication Act of June 13, 1907, is entitled to free transportation to Fredericksburg and return, from the Rail Road station in Pennsylvania, nearest to his residence.

In order to secure this transportation, which does not include either subsistence, or sleeping or parlor car accommodations, individual application must be made to the Secretary, James M. Clark, New Castle, Pa. This initiative application need contain no information but his desire, name and Post Office address. The rest will follow in due course.

While orders for transportation will not go out before sometime in October, it is important that applications be sent to the Secretary at once, in order that the Rail Roads may have timely notice for the needful ticket arrangements.

Tickets can be secured on the Secretary's order, from November 5th to 11th inclusive, good returning until November 25th inclusive, subject to such stop off privileges, as shall hereafter be provided for.

Upon receipt of the order for transportation, an immediate call should be made upon the ticket agent, that he may have plenty time to remedy any defect in his instructions.

It is expected that arrangements will be effected for the sale of tickets to the family and the family friends, on card order of the Secretary, at a one and one-half cent rate each way.

State Laws.

Concerning the publication of new laws as they are passed by the legislature the Scranton *Tribune* says:

"If New York can afford the expense for a proceeding that is of so much real benefit to the people, there is no reason why Pennsylvania could not also foot the bill without hardship." We believe that a majority of citizens are in favor of the publicity of the acts of the General Assembly, especially those which are general in their application. Violation of the game and fish laws, the pure food laws, the Department of Health measures and other acts are so frequent through ignorance that the publication of the laws has become a necessity. A few lawyers afraid of losing business through the publication of the laws were responsible for the defeat of the bill in the last Legislature. They ought not to be permitted to defeat a similar bill at the approaching session."

$100 Reward, $900.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Will Store Coal During Winter.

Companies Prepare to Forestall a Strike.

Measures calculated to forestall a strike by the anthracite coal mine workers when the three years' wage agreement now in effect expires, April 1, 1909, have been decided upon by the railroad companies.

Huge stocks of coal are to be accumulated as a measure of defense and also, if necessary, for use during any trouble that might arise.

This plan of campaign is little different from that carried on three years ago. At that time fully 10,000,000 tons of anthracite were stored in advance. Now the storage capacity of the big coal companies is materially larger, and it is all likely to be utilized.

Beginning next month the big railroad coal companies intend to operate their collieries on full time. Last month the total output of anthracite coal was 4,540,000 tons, or fully 20 per cent. below normal, and this month production is also running very low, many of the mines working half time.

North'd County's Murder Cases.

The Status of Three Murder Cases.

The three prominent murder cases of Northumberland county are at present in an unsettled state. Attorney Thomas N. Burke of Mt. Carmel, is busily engaged in preparing a defense of Conrad Whyne, who shot and killed his son at Locust Gap last fall during a drunken quarrel. District Attorney Deibler and County Detective Glass are also deeply interested in the case, which will be tried at the September term of criminal court, and are piling up evidence against the accused.

Counsel are preparing to try the Fisher case, having been successful in their appeal to the superior court, which awarded them a new trial. The September term promises to be a busy one and it is expected that the murder cases will take up about one week's time. The case of Stanny Marcavitch, who was given a respite by the governor, will likely be settled finally some time this month.

Army Buys Airship.

After a number of critical tests at Fort Myer, Va., the dirigible balloon constructed by Captain Baldwin has been purchased by the Government for $5737.50. On Saturday the airship made a flight of more than two hours duration at the average speed of 13.75 miles per hour. This is the first dirigible in which the army has invested.

Jury List for September Court

GRAND JURY

Briarcreek—Charles Masteller.
Berwick—Charles Brader
Locust—Jacob Fink.
Sugarloaf—T. A. Ruckle.
Bloomsburg—A. V. Kressler.
Berwick—Claude Kurtz.
Catawissa—Jeremiah Yeager.
Beaver—Jacob Baker, Jr.
Bloomsburg—Calvin Girton.
Orangeville—W. E. Sands.
Cleveland—W. M. Cleaver.
Sugarloaf—J. B. Sutliff.
Bloomsburg—Daniel Tierney.
Greenwood—Jonas Ager.
Catawissa—J. L. Walter.
Centralia—John Leam.
Conyngham—W. H. Honabach.
Franklin—Samuel Raup.
Catawissa—Henry Shane.
Bloomsburg—Henry Knorr.
Conyngham—H. D. Kostenbauder.
Jackson—Edward Sones.
Conyngham—Geo. W. Weller.
Mt. Pleasant—John R. Thomas.

TRAVERSE JURORS—First Week.

Berwick—George H. Catterall.
Catawissa—William G. Yetter.
West Berwick—R. M. Smith.
Bloomsburg...William Coffman.
Centre—Daniel Mordan.
Bloomsburg—Rev. J. R. Murphy.
Briarcreek—J. K. Adams.
Bloomsburg—Charles D. Brobst.
Mt. Pleasant—G. M. Ikeler.
Orangeville—Carl Fleckenstine.
Berwick—C. J. Courtright.
Benton Township—T. E. Edwards.
Centralia—Robert Welsh.
Roaringcreek—Alfred Hoagland.
Madison—D. N. Williams.
Pine Twp—Thomas Y. Stackhouse.
Mifflin—Joseph Cleaver.
Pine—Isaac Trivelpiece.
Conyngham—Jacob Benner.
West Berwick—G. G. Chrisman.
Scott—E. A. Brown.
Bloomsburg—L. D. Case.
Orange Township—William. C. White.
Samuel Y. Keller.
Main—Benjamin Kreisher.
Berwick—McClellan Cope, Rob. Reedy.
West Berwick—Horace Yeager.
Catawissa—Edward Brosious.
Franklin—Clark Yost.
Bloomsburg—John Scott.
Hemlock—George Irvin.
Locust—Benjamin Waters.
Catawissa—John Overdorf.
Hemlock—Edward W. Ivy.
Beaver—A. F. Rupert.
Conyngham—Lewis Kustenbauder.
Catawissa—Charles P. Pfahler.
Bloomsburg—C. B. Gunton.
Conyngham—Isaac Beaver.
Berwick—Hurl Davis.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of Fieri Facias issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia County, Pennsylvania, and to me directed, there will be sold at public sale on the premises of the within described property, in the Borough of Centralia, County and State aforesaid, on

SATURDAY, AUGUST 22, 1908

at 11 o'clock a. m. the following described real estate, to wit:

The surface of all that certain lot or piece of ground situate in the Borough of Centralia, laid out by the Locust Mountain Coal and Iron Company in Columbia County, in the State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows:

Beginning on the east side of Locust Avenue, thence along said Avenue south three degrees east (S 3° E) twenty-five (25) feet, thence north eighty-seven degrees east (N 87° E) one hundred and forty (140) feet to an alley, thence along said alley north three degrees west (N 3° W) twenty-five (25) feet; thence south eighty-seven degrees west (S 87° W) one hundred and forty (140) feet to the place of beginning and being the lot which is marked in the general plan of said town of Centralia with the Number Four (4) in Block Number One Hundred and Eighteen (118), and being the same premises which the Locust Mountain Coal and Iron Company by its Indenture made the 21st day of September A. D., 1865 and recorded at Bloomsburg, Pennsylvania, in Deed Book No. Seventy-Seven (77) at page two hundred and forty-seven (247) &c., granted and conveyed to Thomas Horan and the same which Thomas Horan by his Indenture dated the 27th of November A. D., 1872 and recorded at Bloomsburg, Pennsylvania, in Deed Book No. forty-four (44) page three hundred and sixty nine (369) &c., granted and conveyed to Thomas Collins, and the same which Thomas Collins by last will and testament duly probated at Bloomsburg, Pennsylvania, devised to his widow, Mary E. Collins, on which is erected

A TWO STORY
FRAME DWELLING,

now used as a liquor license restaurant.

Seized, taken into execution at the suit of Michael J. McDonnell now to the use of The Ashland National Bank of Ashland, Pa., vs. Mary E. Collins, and to be sold as the property of Mary E. Collins.

CHAS. B. ENT, Sheriff.
E. J. Flynn, Attorney. 7-30-4t

Berwick—E. C. Morehead.
Briarcreek—Samuel M. Petty.
Centralia—W. W. Heffner.
Catawissa—George H. Sharpless.
Main—F. P. Gruver.
Berwick—Harry East.
Berwick—H. R. Oliver.
Bloomsburg—Moses Tressler.
Berwick—Theodore F. Berger.
Fishingcreek—Robert E. Whitenight.
Centralia—Patrick Curran.
Bloomsburg—H. B. Sharpless.
West Berwick—W. A. Linden.
Conyngham—Daniel E. Fetterman.
Berwick—John E Traugh.
Centre—C. E. Drum.
West Berwick—William Fairchilds.
Mifflin—H. W. Houck.
Benton Borough—John S. Baker.

SECOND WEEK.

Conyngham—John Kertin.
Centralia—John White.
Berwick—Eugene Doty.
Mt. Pleasant—George L. Johnson.
Berwick—R. W. Hoyt.
Scott—Ellis Ringrose.
Hemlock—Edward Sterner.
Mifflin—Edward Green.
Jackson—Deaner Davis.
Bloomsburg—Charles M. Hess.
Roaringcreek—Alvin Rhoads.
Berwick—Francis W. Roup.
Bloomsburg—A. J. George.
Locust—John Hughes.
Berwick—Percy Curran.
Greenwood—J. H. Johnson.
Benton Township—Wesley Roberts.
Berwick—J. B. Evans.
Berwick—Walter Sult.
Catawissa Borough—John Fox.
Berwick—M. C. Hetler.
Berwick—Rev. J. K. Adams.
Centralia—Martin Barrett.
Pine—Jacob Webb.
Madison—J. E. Cotner.
Centralia—James Murphy.
Sugarloaf—Alfred Hess.
Locust—Adam Rarig.
Sugarloaf—O. F. Cole.
Bloomsburg—R. R. Hartman.
Catawissa—Thomas E. Harder.
Cleveland—Charles Kline.
Catawissa Borough—E. B. Guie.
Centre—J. H. Hughes.
Berwick—William Harry.
Catawissa Township—Oscar Leighow.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of Levari Facias issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia County, Pa., and to me directed, there will be sold at public sale at the Court House at Bloomsburg, county and state aforesaid, on

FRIDAY, AUGUST 21, 1908,

at 2 o'clock p. m., the following described real estate:

All that certain messuage, piece, parcel and tract of land, situate in the Town of Bloomsburg, county and state aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a corner in the public road leading from Bloomsburg to Light Street and corner of land of J. J. Mussleman, thence in said road south forty-four degrees west two hundred and forty-one feet to a point in said road, thence south sixty degrees west two hundred and eighty-seven feet to a post in said road, thence south sixty-four degrees forty-five minutes west one hundred feet to a post in said road, thence south seventy-two degrees forty-five minutes west two hundred and forty-three feet to a post in said road, thence north eighty six degrees west two hundred feet to a post in said road, thence south eighty-seven degrees thirty minutes west one hundred feet to a post in said road, thence south seventy-one degrees fifteen minutes west three hundred and sixty-four feet to a post corner in said road, at a private road leading to Rosemont Cemetery Co., thence by said road and other lands of said Armstrong north sixty degrees and thirty minutes east one hundred and forty-eight and five-tenths feet to a stake, thence north fifty-four degrees thirty minutes east one hundred and eighteen and five-tenths feet to a stake, thence north thirty-two degrees ten minutes east seventy-four feet to a stake, thence north ten degrees forty minutes east one hundred and ninety-nine and five-tenths feet to a stake, thence north nine degrees five minutes east one hundred and eighty-one feet to a stake, thence north four degrees fifteen minutes east one hundred and thirty-eight feet to a stone corner and other land of said Armstrong, thence by same north eighty-five degrees east nine hundred and ninety-five and five-tenths feet to a corner and land of J. J. Mussleman, thence by the same south eleven degrees east two hundred and sixty-two and five-tenths feet to a post corner in the public road aforesaid, the place of beginning, containing

THIRTEEN 3-10 ACRES,

together with the right to use the private road leading to Rosemont Cemetery and the use of water from a spring located about ninety feet from the northwest corner of the tract of land herein conveyed. On which is erected a large

FLORIST'S PLANT, GREEN HOUSES

and necessary equipment for the florist and nursery business. This property is located within a quarter of a mile of the Town of Bloomsburg, and is well equipped with a modern, up-to-date Green House and Nursery Plant capable of immediate operation.

Seized, taken into execution at the suit of David W. Armstrong now to the use of Louise H. Dillon and Alice Furman, Executrices of the last will and testament of J. L. Dillon, dec'd., vs. James T. Davis, John W. Davis and Steward E. Reynolds, co-partners under the firm name of Davis Brothers Company and the Davis Bros. Company, a corporation terre-tenant, and to be sold as the property of James T. Davis, John W. Davis and Steward E, Reynolds, co-partners under the firm name of Davis Brothers Company and the Davis Brothers Company, a corporation terre-tenant.

CHAS. B. ENT, Sheriff.
Fred Ikeler, Attorney. 7-30-4t

IN THE ORPHAN'S COURT OF THE COUNTY OF COLUMBIA

Estate of James McHale, deceased

Notice is hereby given that Honora McHale, widow of decedent, has presented to and filed in said Court her petition with the return and inventory and appraisement of the personal estate of said decedent elected to be retained and set aside to her under the Act of June 4th, 1883, and that the same will be approved by the Court on the 4th Monday of September, 1908, unless exceptions thereto be filed before that time.

EDWARD J. FLYNN,
8-6-3t Attorney for Petitioner.

A fine new line of Wedding invitations just received at this office.

Pennsylvania Railroad

ELEVEN DAY EXCURSION
TO
OCEAN GROVE CAMP MEETING
Asbury Park or Long Branch

Friday, August 28, 1908

ROUND $4.50 TRIP

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Consult nearest Ticket Agents.

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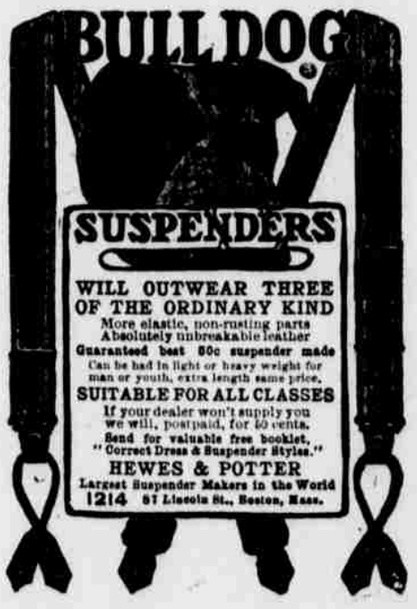
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SUSPENDERS
WILL OUTWEAR THREE OF THE ORDINARY KIND
More elastic, non-rusting parts
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Guaranteed best 50c suspender made
Can be had in light or heavy weight for man or youth, extra length same price.
SUITABLE FOR ALL CLASSES
If your dealer won't supply you we will, postpaid, for 50 cents.
Send for valuable free booklet, "Correct Dress & Suspender Styles."
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AND
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are worn by more men than any other shoes made.

Come in and let us

Fit You With a Pair

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Our Pianos

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IN ORGANS we handle the ESTEY, MILLER, H. LEHR & CO. AND BOWLBY.

This Store has the agency for SINGER HIGH ARM SEWING MACHINES and VICTOR TALKING MACHINES.

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